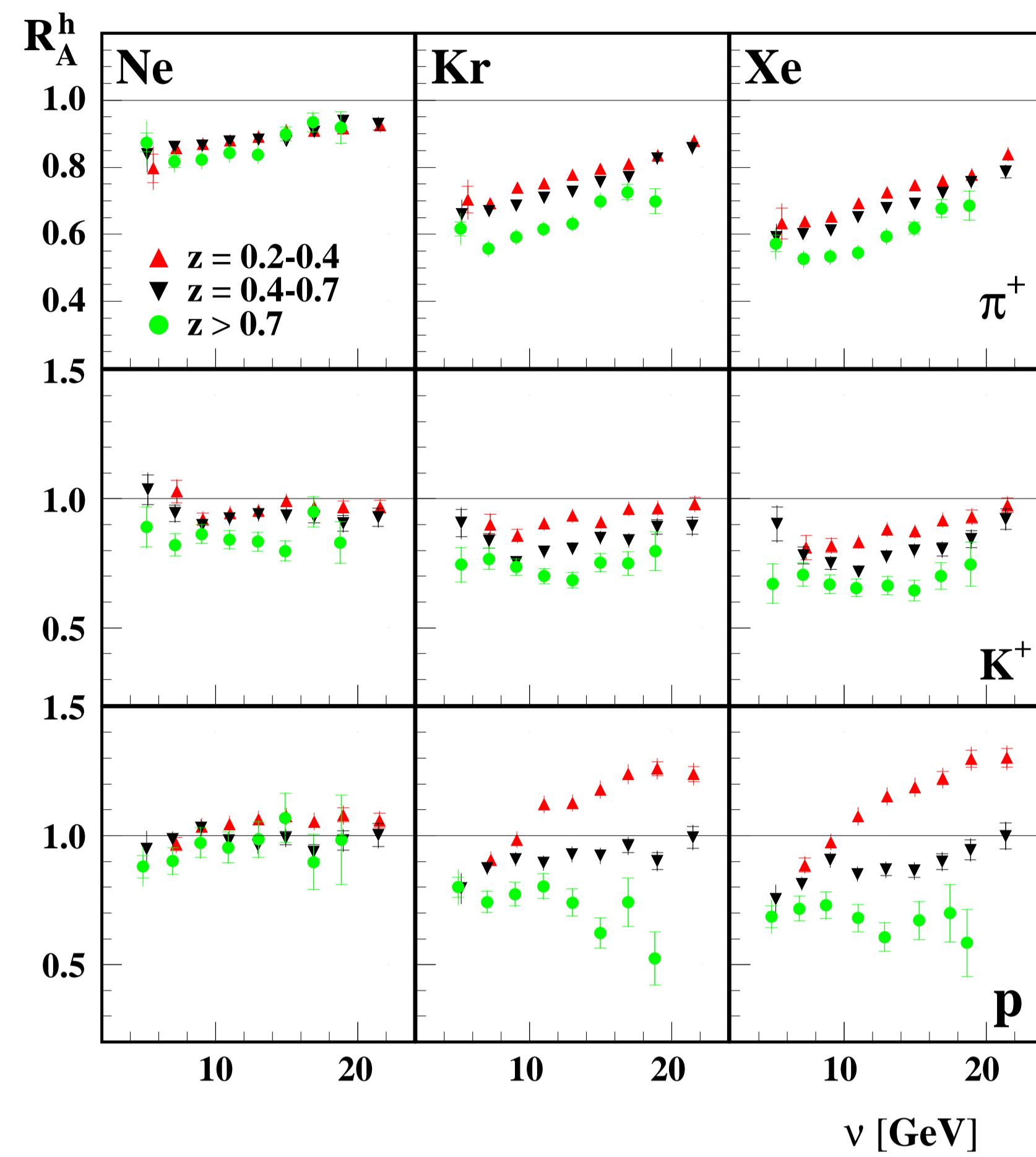


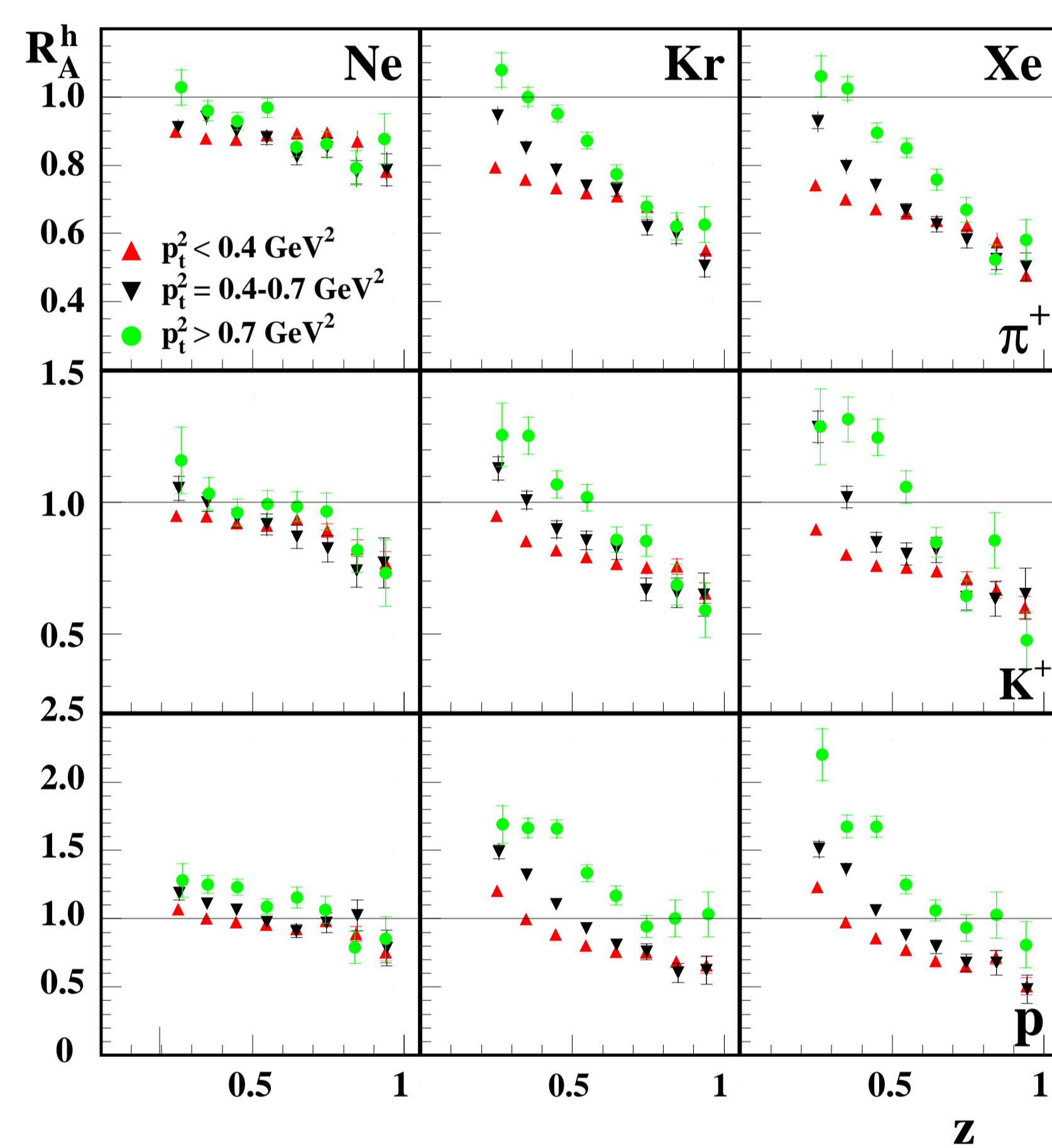
# MULTIDIMENSIONAL HADRON ATTENUATION

Eur. Phys. J. A 47 (2011) 113

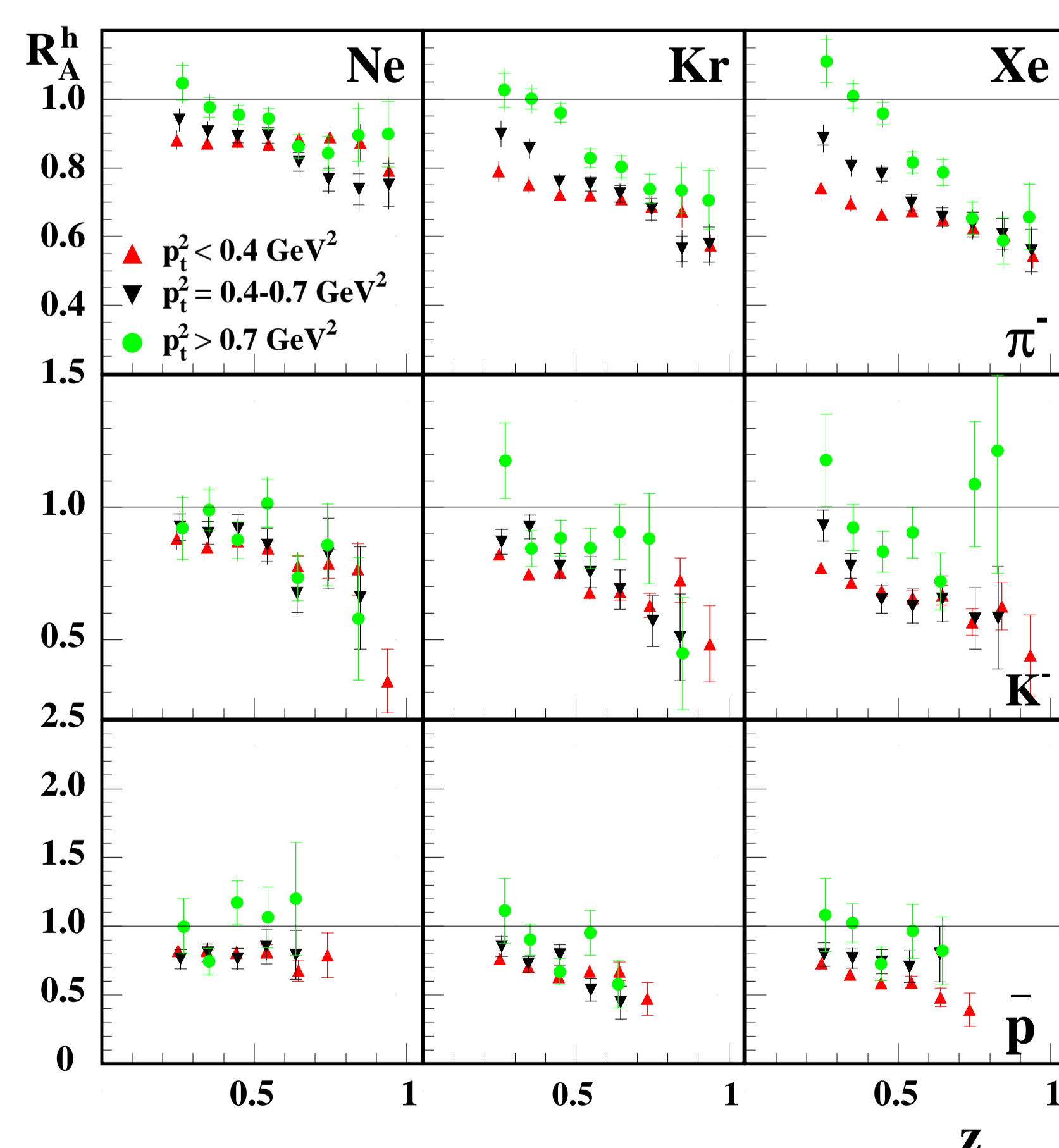
G. Karyan, I. Lehmann, B. Marianski (on behalf of the HERMES Collaboration)



Dependence of  $R_A^h$  on  $\nu$  for positively charged hadrons for three slices in  $z$  (scale uncertainties are 3%, 5%, 4%, and 10% for  $\pi$ ,  $K$ ,  $p$ , and  $\bar{p}$  respectively).



Dependence of  $R_A^h$  on  $z$  for positively charged hadrons for three slices in the hadron's transverse momentum.



Dependence of  $R_A^h$  on  $z$  for negatively charged hadrons for three slices in the hadron's transverse momentum.

## ▲ Semi-inclusive hadron electroproduction process

$$e + N \rightarrow e' + h + X$$

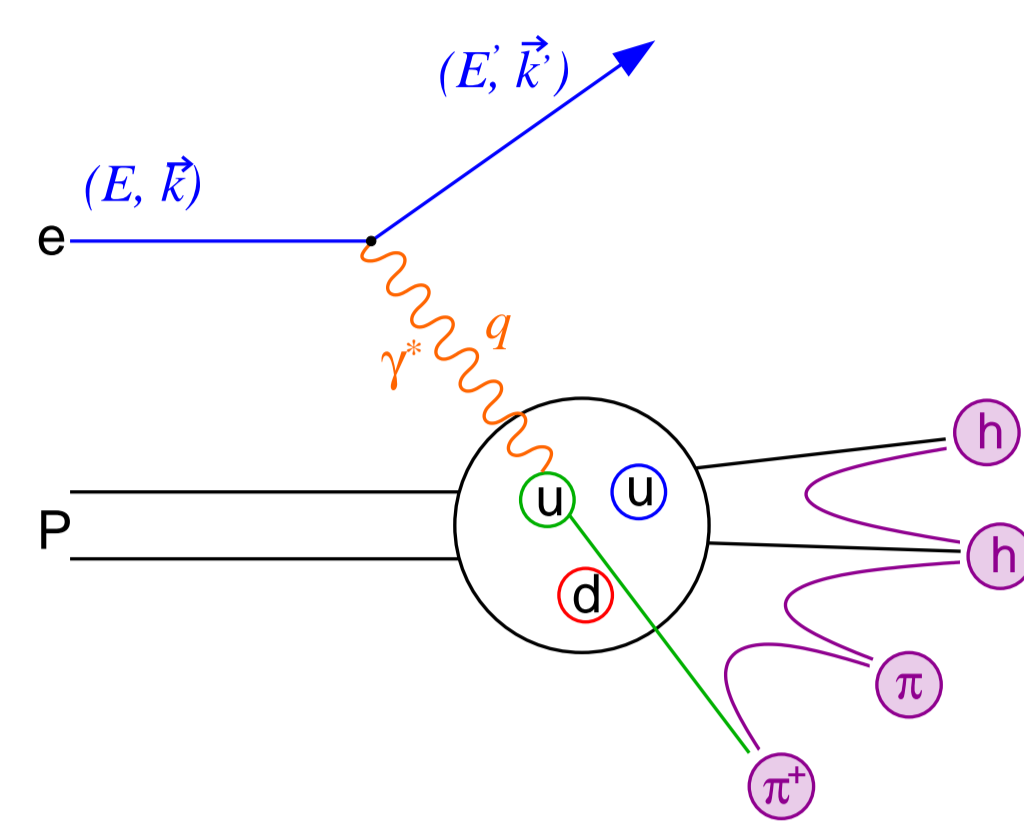


Diagram of semi-inclusive deep inelastic scattering.

$$R_A^h(\nu, Q^2, z, p_t^2) = \frac{\left(\frac{N^h(\nu, Q^2, z, p_t^2)}{N^e(\nu, Q^2)}\right)_A}{\left(\frac{N^h(\nu, Q^2, z, p_t^2)}{N^e(\nu, Q^2)}\right)_D} \quad (1)$$

## ▲ $N^h(\nu, Q^2, z, p_t^2)$ - number of semi-inclusive hadrons in a given $(\nu, Q^2, z, p_t^2)$ bin

## ▲ $N^e(\nu, Q^2)$ - number of inclusive deep inelastic scattered leptons in the same $(\nu, Q^2)$ bin

## ▲ $\nu = E - E'$ - energy of a virtual photon

## ▲ $Q^2 = -q^2 = -(k - k')^2$ - negative squared four momentum transfer

## ▲ $p_t^2$ - transverse momentum square of a hadron

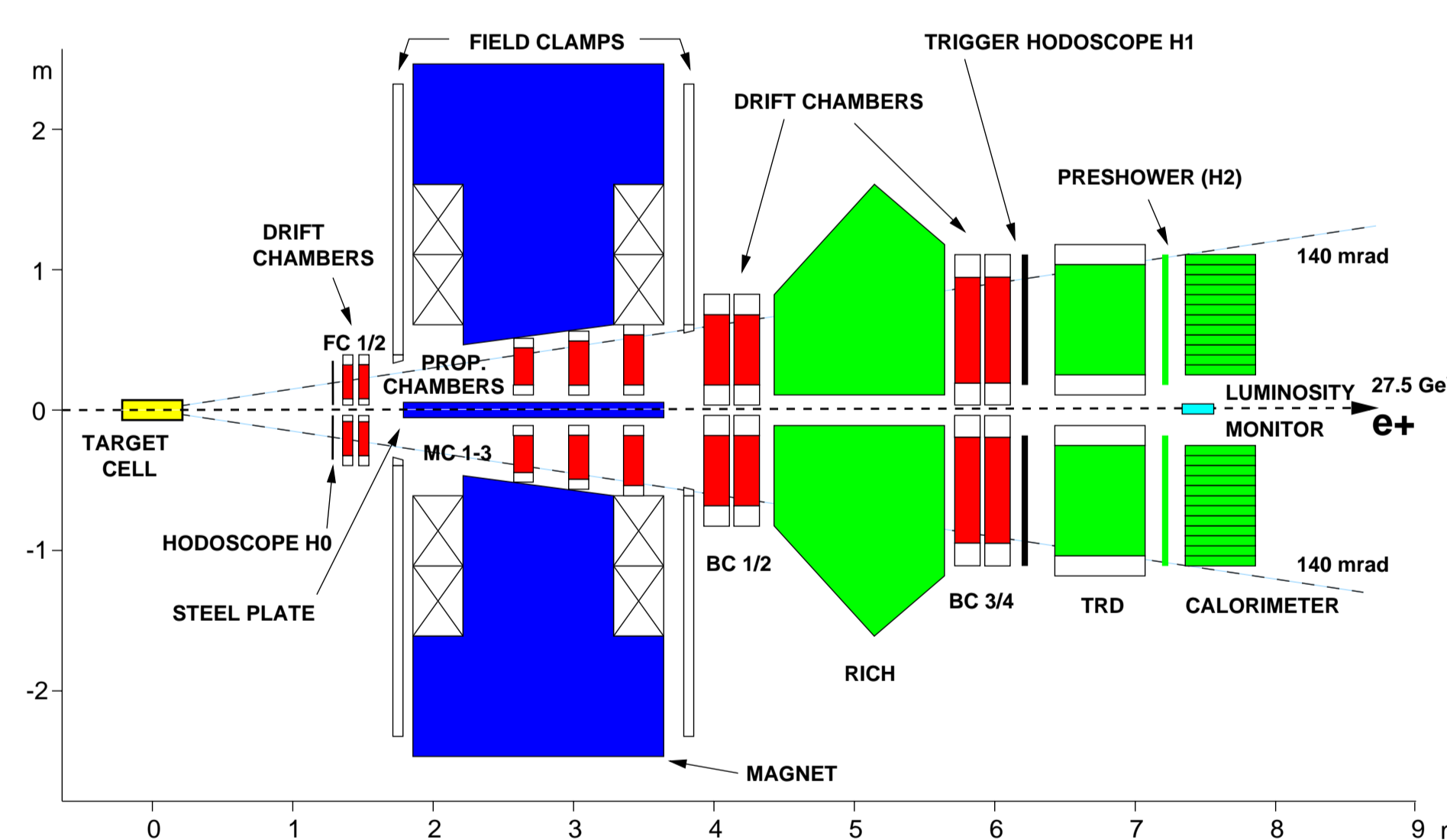
## ▲ $z = \frac{E_{had}}{\nu}$ - energy fraction of a hadron

## ▲ $e^-/e^+$ beam of 27.6 GeV energy

## ▲ Nuclear targets $^2D, ^{20}Ne, ^{84}Kr, ^{131}Xe$

## ▲ Good momentum resolution ( $\Delta p/p < 2\%$ )

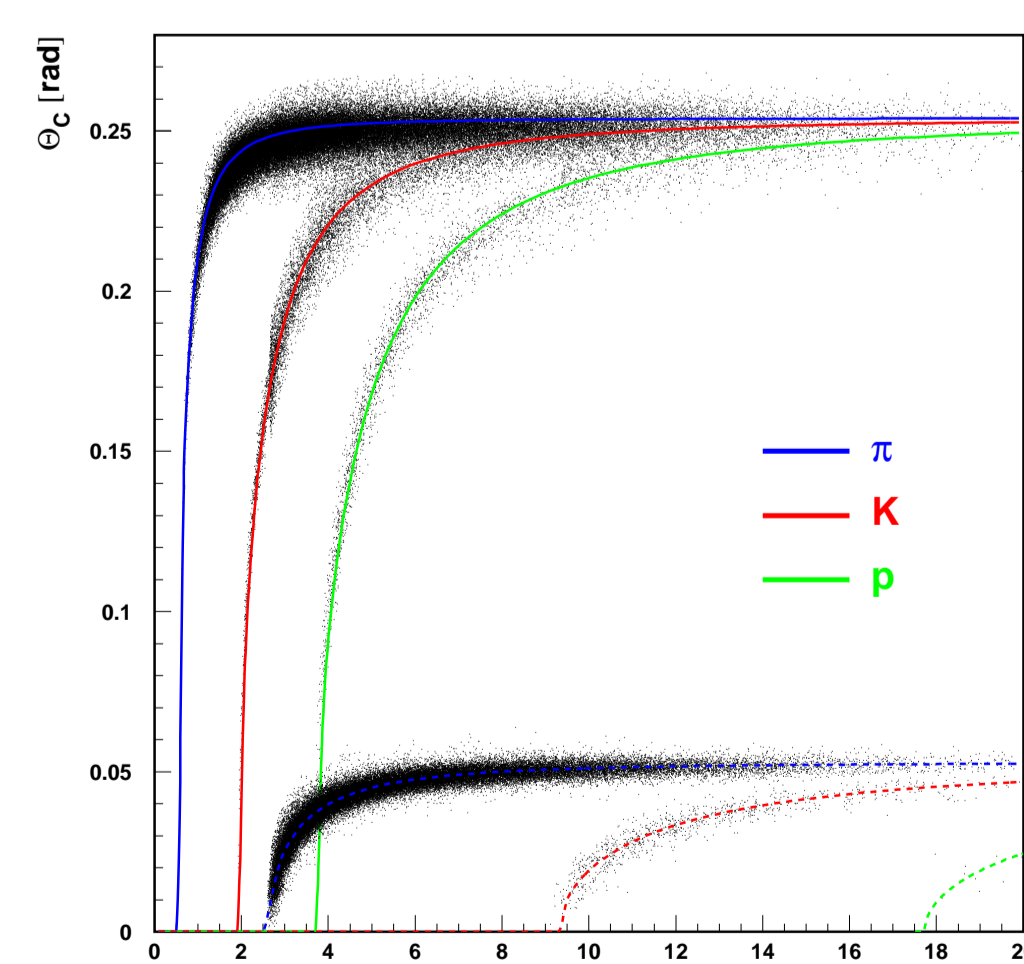
## ▲ Excellent particle identification capabilities



The HERMES spectrometer.

## ▲ Particle Tracking System

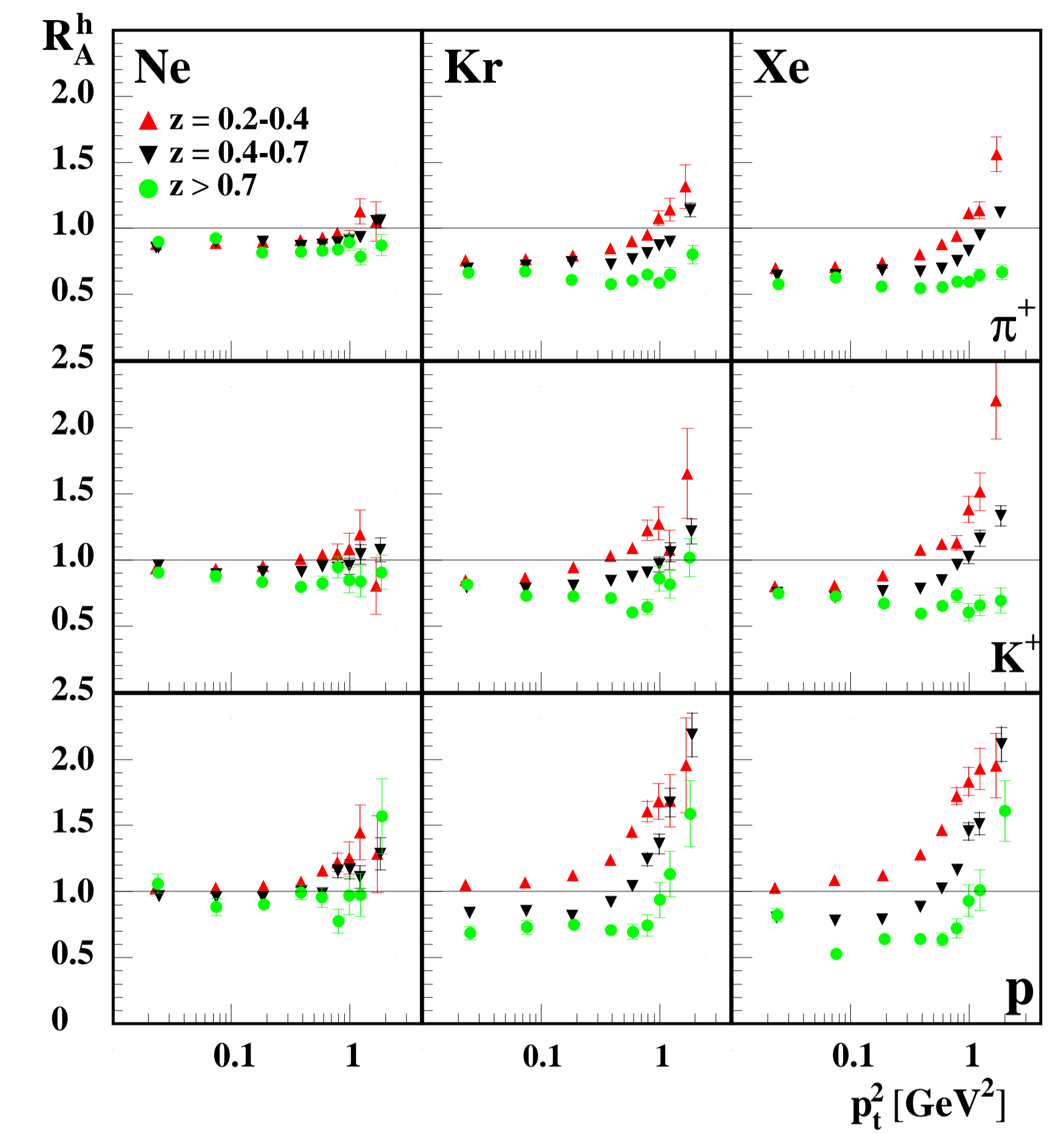
## ▲ Particle Identification System



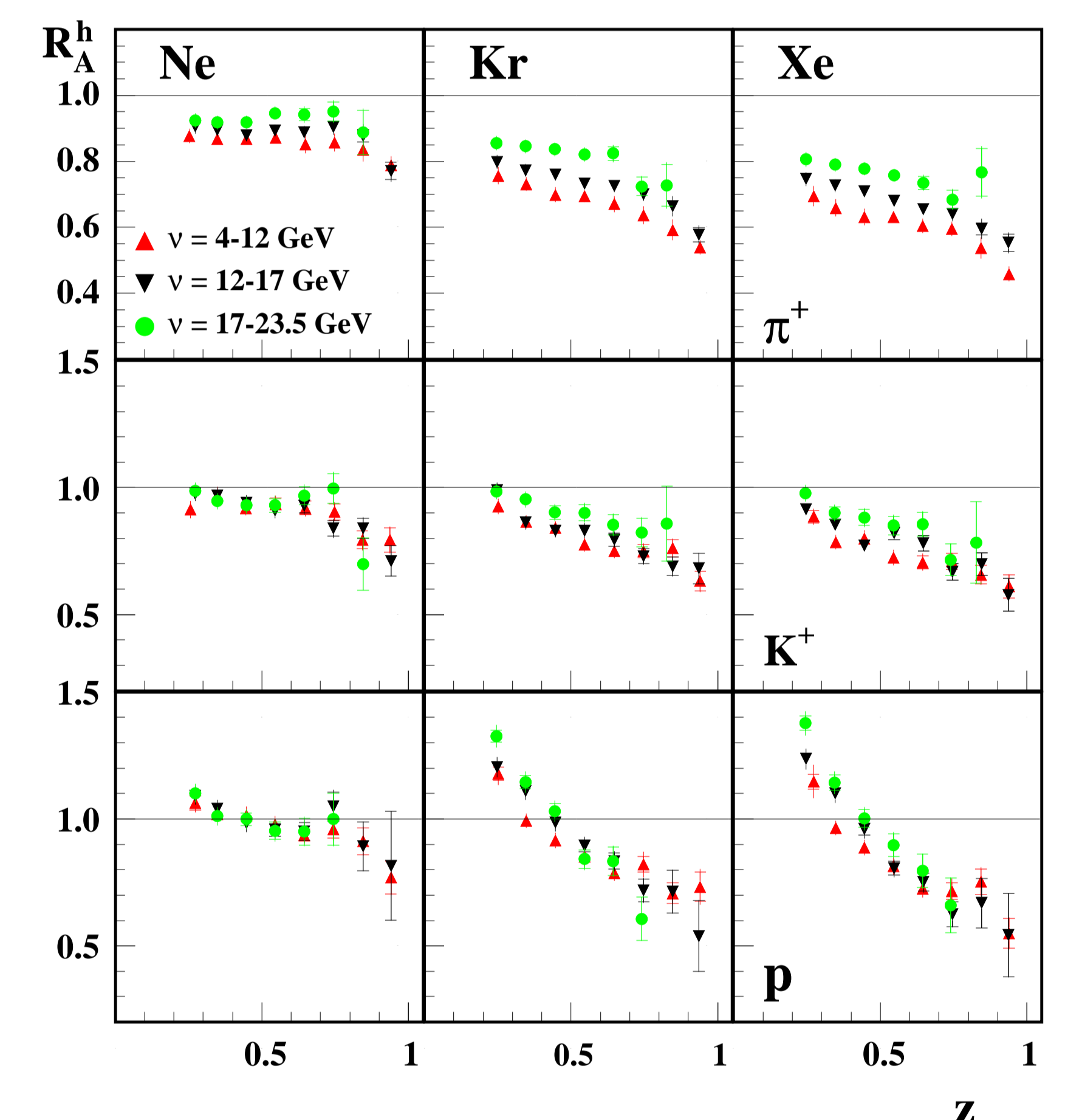
Momentum dependence of the Cherenkov angle for different hadron types and radiators. The upper band corresponds to aerogel and the lower band to  $C_4F_{10}$  gas respectively.

## ▲ Charge-separated $\pi, K, p$

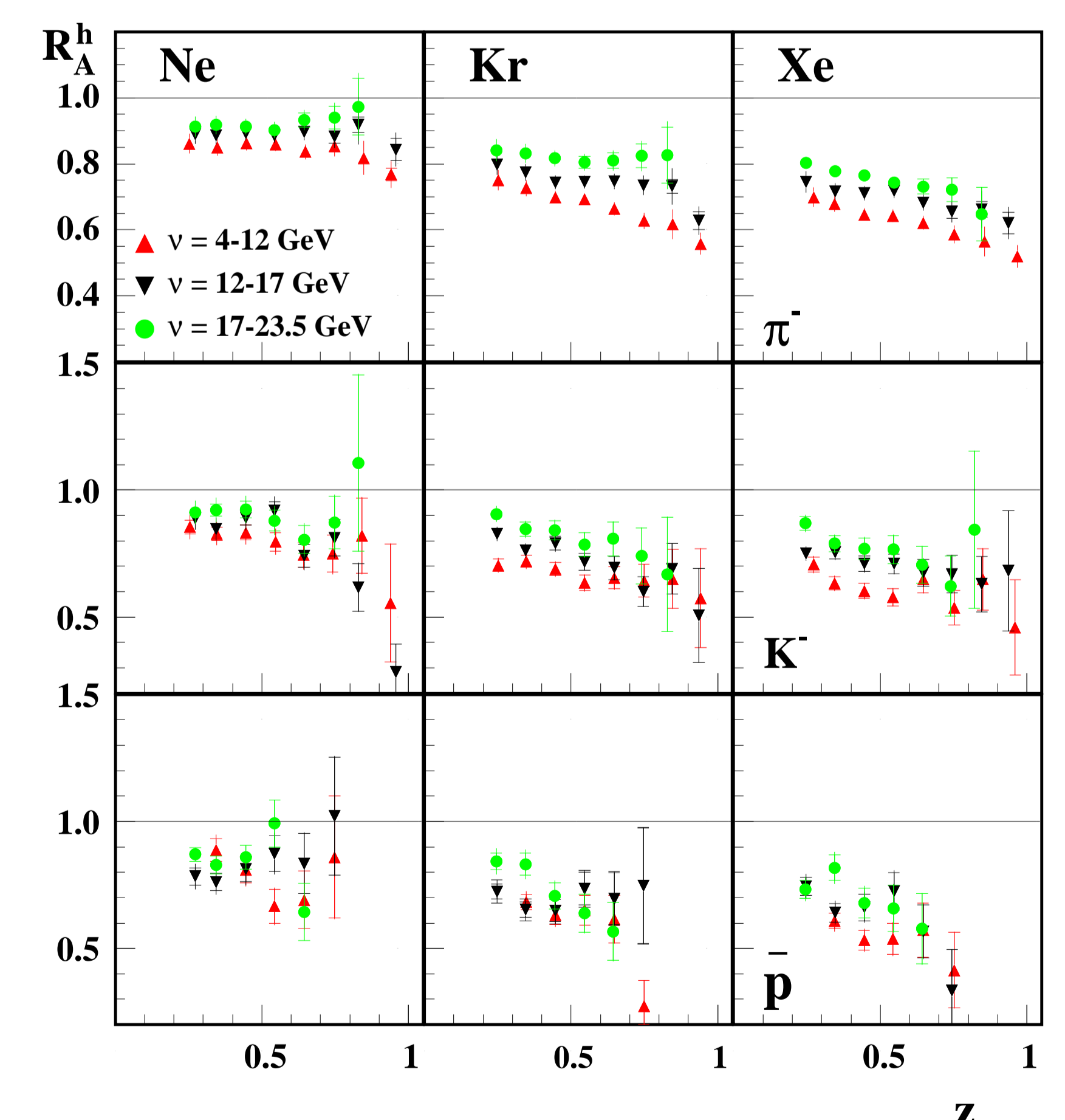
## ▲ Separation of $\pi, K$ and $p$ in momentum range of 2 - 15 GeV



Dependence of  $R_A^h$  on  $p_t^2$  for positively charged hadrons for three slices in  $z$ .



Dependence of  $R_A^h$  on  $z$  for positively charged hadrons for three slices in the energy of the virtual photon.



Dependence of  $R_A^h$  on  $z$  for negatively charged hadrons for three slices in the energy of the virtual photon.

## ▲ Cronin effect suppressed at large $z$

## ▲ Less attenuation with larger $\nu$ and small $z$

## ▲ Attenuation is larger for heavy nuclei

## ▲ Protons behave very differently from the other hadrons