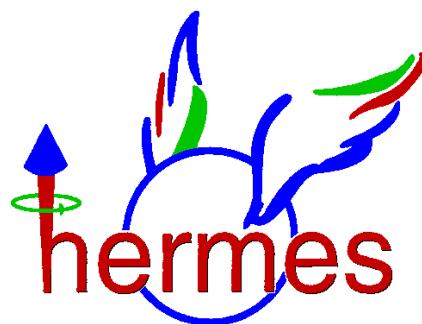


# **Spin transfer coefficient $D_{LL'}$ to $\Lambda$ hyperon in Semi-Inclusive DIS at HERMES**

**D. Veretennikov**

**On behalf of the HERMES collaboration**



**SPIN 2010, Jülich**



# Outline

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- *Definition of  $D_{LL'}^A$*
- *Motivation*
- *HERMES description*
- *Events selection*
- *Extraction formalism*
- *Results*
- *Compare with models*
- *Summary*



# Definition of $D_{LL'}$ in DIS

$\Lambda$  is “self-analyzing” particle due to its parity violation  $\Lambda \rightarrow p\pi^-$  decay

**Angular distribution of protons**  
(in  $\Lambda$  rest frame)

$$\frac{dN}{d\Omega_p} = \frac{dN_0}{d\Omega_p} (1 + \alpha P_{L'}^\Lambda \cos\theta_{pL'})$$

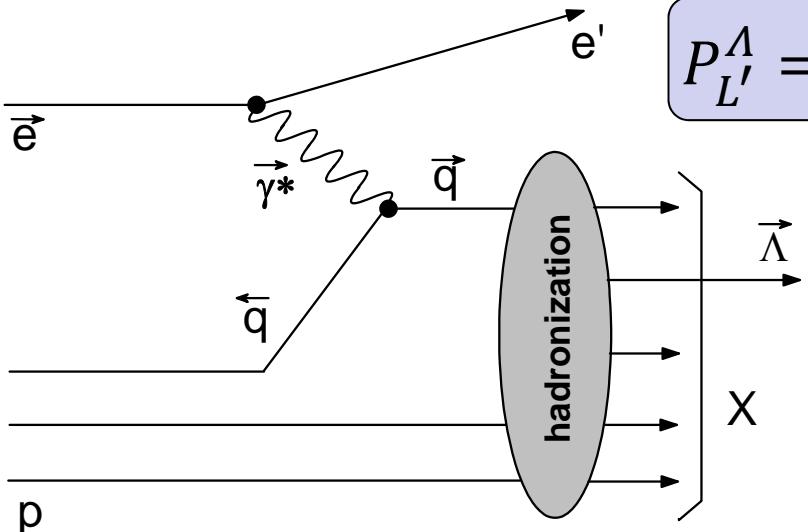
Unpolarized distribution

decay constant,  
0.642

angle between proton  
momentum and  $\Lambda$  spin  
in  $\Lambda$  rest frame

$$\vec{\gamma}^* + p \rightarrow \vec{\Lambda} + X$$

$$\downarrow p\pi^-$$



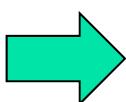
$$P_{L'}^\Lambda = P_L^{\gamma^*} \cdot D_{LL'}^\Lambda \quad P_L^{\gamma^*} = P_B D(y) = P_L^q$$

- Primary quantization axis  $L$ :  $\vec{P}_{\gamma^*}$  is assumed to be along  $\vec{p}_{\gamma^*}$
- $L'$  direction of  $\Lambda$  polarization can not be determined from general principles  $\Rightarrow$  3dimensional analysis



# Motivation

$\Lambda$  spin  
structure



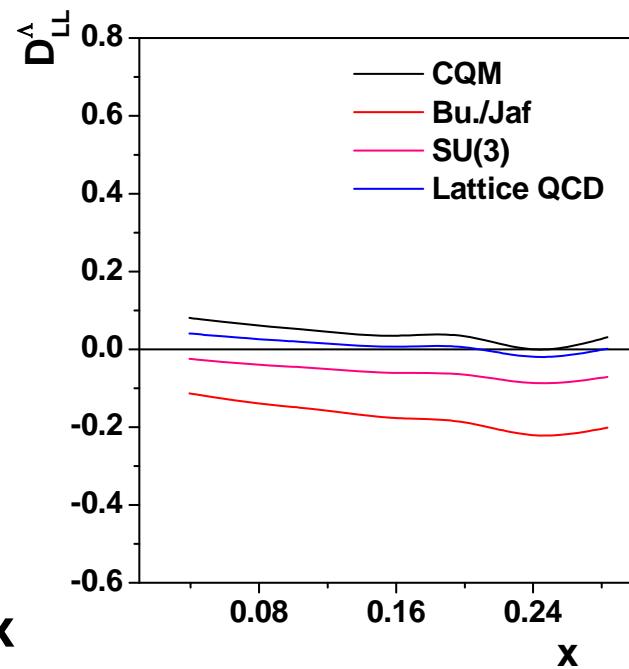
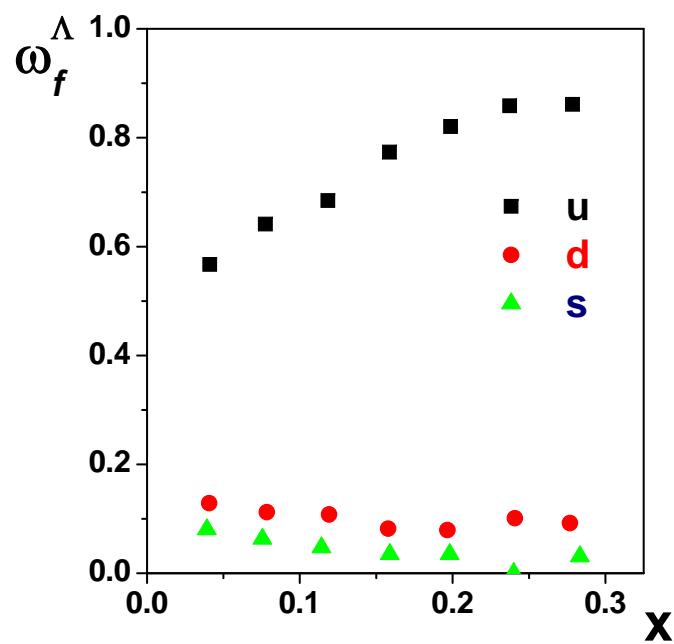
- Constituent quark model (CQM)  $\Delta u = \Delta d = 0, \Delta s = 1$
- Burkard/Jaffe  $\Delta u = \Delta d = -0.23 \pm 0.06, \Delta s = 0.58 \pm 0.07$
- SU(3) flavor symmetry  $\Delta u = \Delta d = -0.09 \pm 0.06, \Delta s = 0.47 \pm 0.07$
- Lattice QCD  $\Delta u = \Delta d = -0.02 \pm 0.04, \Delta s = 0.68 \pm 0.04$

*purity*  
*partial spin-  
transfer*

$$D_{LL'}^{\Lambda} = \sum_f D_{LL',f}^{\Lambda} \omega_f^{\Lambda}$$

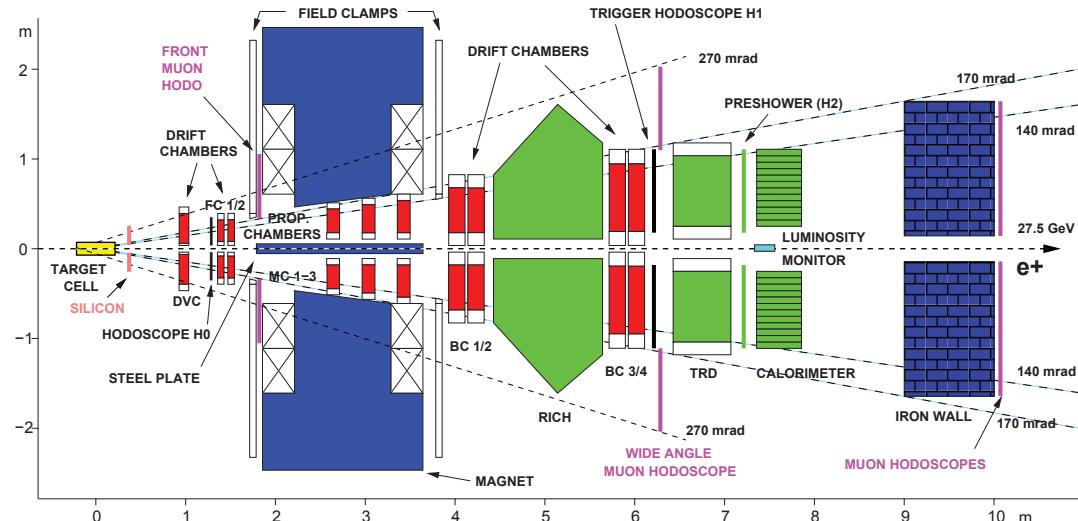
$$\text{Jaffe} \rightarrow D_{LL',f}^{\Lambda} \simeq \frac{\Delta q_f^{\Lambda}}{q_f^{\Lambda}}$$

All models predict  
negative or small  
positive value





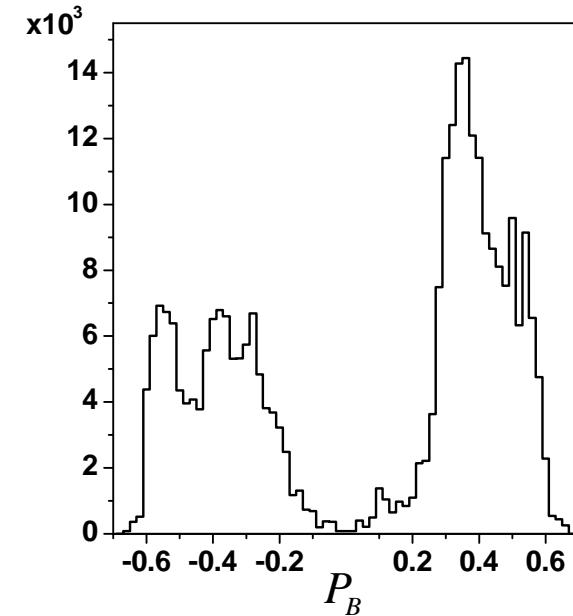
# HERMES experiment



- ✓ Long. polarized lepton ( $e^-/e^+$ ) beam  $E_e = 27.5 \text{ GeV}$
- ✓ Beam spin flipped every few month
- ✓ Long. / trans. polarized gas targets  $H, D$ , flipped every 90 sec,  $\langle [P_{\text{targ}}] \rangle \approx 0$
- ✓ Unpolarized targets  $H, D, He, N, Ne, Kr, Xe$

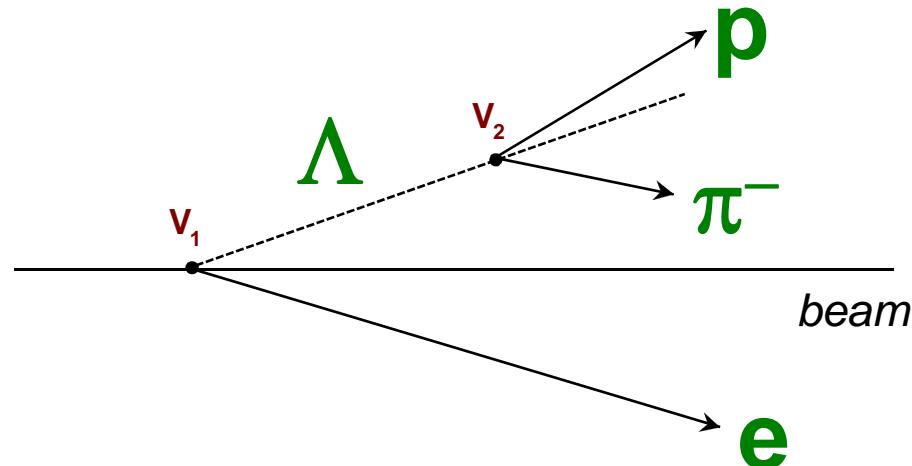
*HERMES is forward spectrometer*

$$1 \text{ GeV} \leq p^\Lambda \leq 16 \text{ GeV}$$



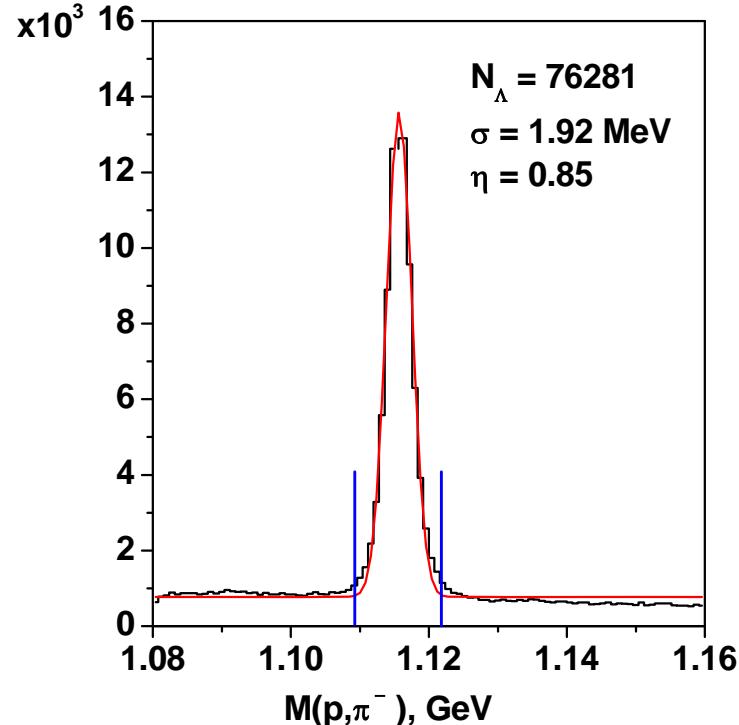


# $\Lambda$ events selection



## Background suppression

- leading  $\pi^-$  rejection (in HERMES kinematics proton is **always leading**) :
  - *Threshold Cherenkov det. 1996-1997*
  - *Ring imaging Cherenkov 1998-2007*
- $h^+h^-$  pair background rejection :
  - *Vertex separation  $d(V_1, V_2) > 5 \text{ cm}$*



$$\vec{P}_{L'}^\Lambda = \frac{\vec{P}_{L'}^{\Lambda + bkg} - (1 - \eta) \vec{P}_{L'}^{bkg}}{\eta}$$

$$\eta = \frac{N_\Lambda}{N_\Lambda + N_{bgr}}$$



# Formalism extraction of $D_{LL'}^{\Lambda}$

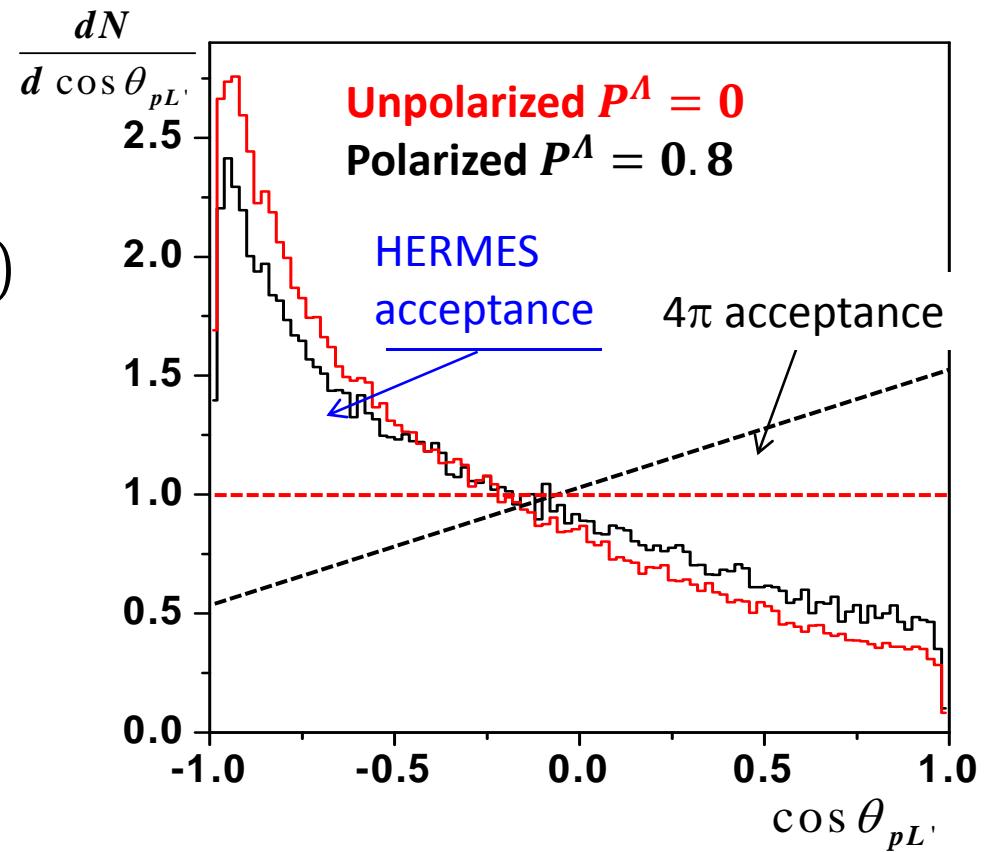
## ➤ Angular distribution of decay

protons

$$\frac{dN}{d\Omega_p} = \frac{dN_0}{d\Omega_p} \left( 1 + \alpha P_L^{\Lambda} \cos \theta_{pL'} \right)$$

Unknown, need MC simulation of acceptance

Main source of systematic uncertainty !





# Formalism extraction of $D_{LL'}^A$

- Helicity balanced data sample  $\llbracket P_B \rrbracket = \frac{1}{L} \int P_B dL = 0$
- Moment method in simple 1Dim case

$$\langle P_B \cos\theta_{pL'} \rangle = \frac{\llbracket P_B \rrbracket \langle \cos\theta_{pL'} \rangle_0 + \alpha D_{LL'} \llbracket P_B^2 \rrbracket \langle \cos^2\theta_{pL'} \rangle_0}{1 + \alpha D_{LL'} \llbracket P_B \rrbracket \langle \cos\theta_{pL'} \rangle_0} \quad \textcolor{red}{\llbracket P_B \rrbracket = 0} \quad \alpha D_{LL'} \llbracket P_B^2 \rrbracket \langle \cos^2\theta_{pL'} \rangle_0$$

$$\langle \cos^2\theta_{pL'} \rangle = \frac{\langle \cos^2\theta_{pL'} \rangle_0 + \alpha D_{LL'} \llbracket P_B \rrbracket \langle \cos^3\theta_{pL'} \rangle_0}{1 + \alpha D_{LL'} \llbracket P_B \rrbracket \langle \cos\theta_{pL'} \rangle_0} \quad \textcolor{red}{\llbracket P_B \rrbracket = 0} \quad \langle \cos^2\theta_{pL'} \rangle_0$$

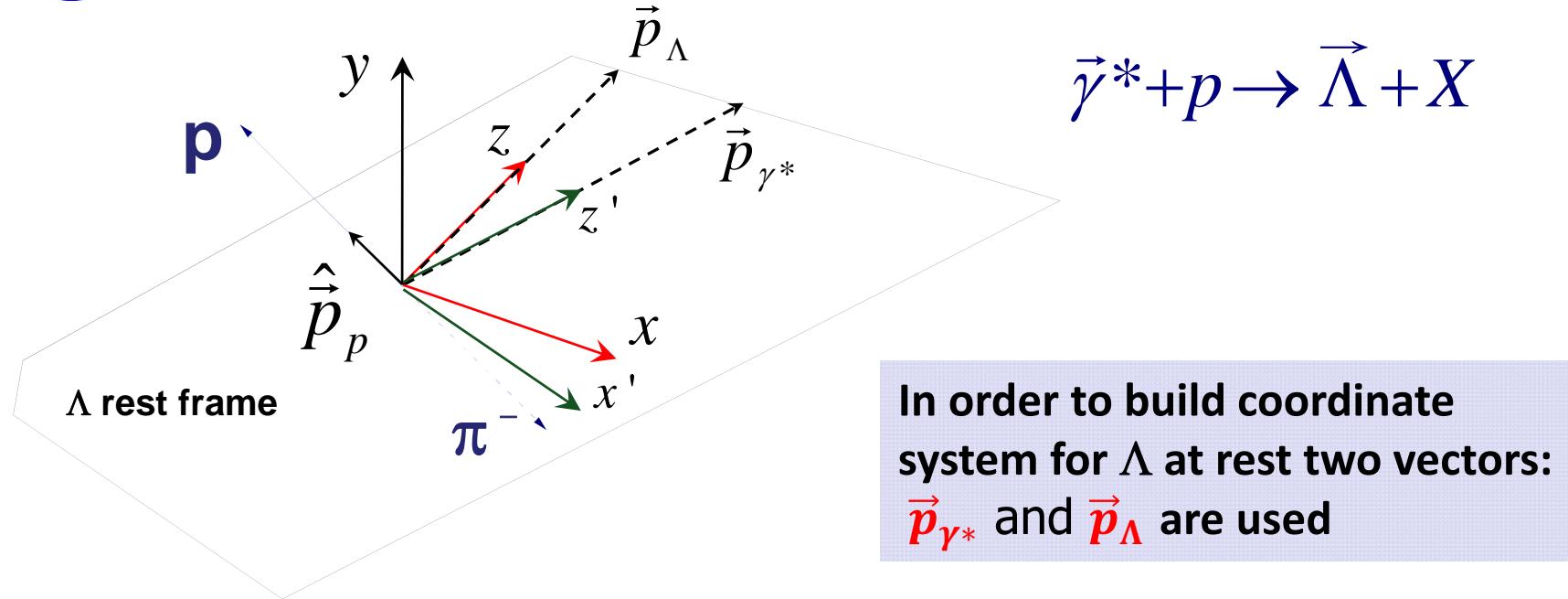
$$D_{LL'}^A = \frac{1}{\alpha \llbracket P_B^2 \rrbracket} \cdot \frac{\langle P_B \cos\theta_{pL'} \rangle}{\langle \cos^2\theta_{pL'} \rangle}$$

No MC simulation of acceptance needed

- Slightly more complicated iteration procedure used in case of unbalanced  $P_B$
- 3 projection of  $D_{LL'}^A$  calculated
- 3Dim extraction formalism verified with help of MC



# Definition of coordinate system



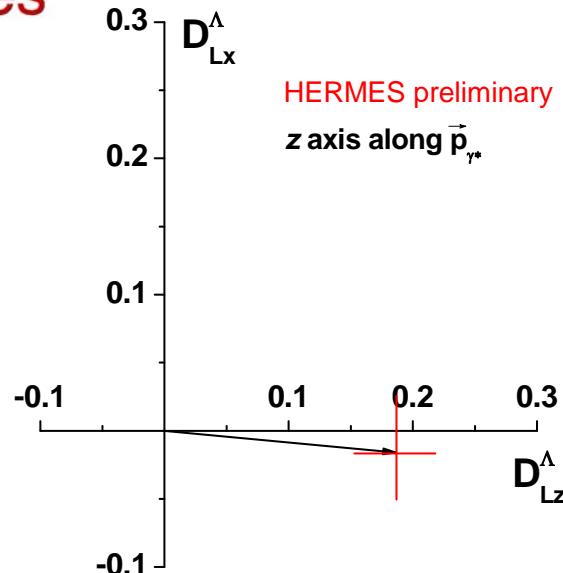
In order to build coordinate system for  $\Lambda$  at rest two vectors:  $\vec{p}_{\gamma^*}$  and  $\vec{p}_\Lambda$  are used

2 variants of system

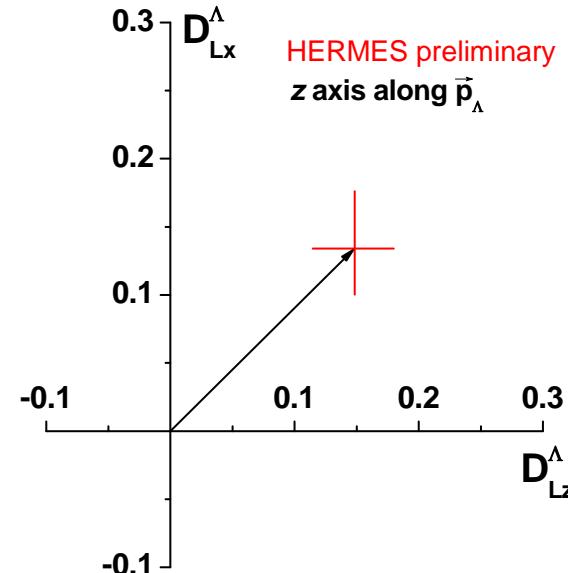
$$\begin{aligned} \vec{k}_z &= \hat{\vec{p}}_\Lambda, & \vec{k}_y &= \hat{\vec{p}}_\Lambda \times \hat{\vec{p}}_{\gamma^*}, & \vec{k}_x &= \vec{k}_y \times \vec{k}_z \\ \vec{k}_z &= \hat{\vec{p}}_{\gamma^*}, & \vec{k}_y &= \hat{\vec{p}}_\Lambda \times \hat{\vec{p}}_{\gamma^*}, & \vec{k}_x &= \vec{k}_y \times \vec{k}_z \end{aligned}$$



# Integrated over kinematics result



$$D_{Lx} = -0.016 \pm 0.042_{\text{stat}} \pm 0.017_{\text{syst}}$$
$$D_{Lz} = 0.186 \pm 0.040_{\text{stat}} \pm 0.012_{\text{syst}}$$



$$D_{Lx} = 0.133 \pm 0.039_{\text{stat}} \pm 0.015_{\text{syst}}$$
$$D_{Lz} = 0.147 \pm 0.038_{\text{stat}} \pm 0.015_{\text{syst}}$$

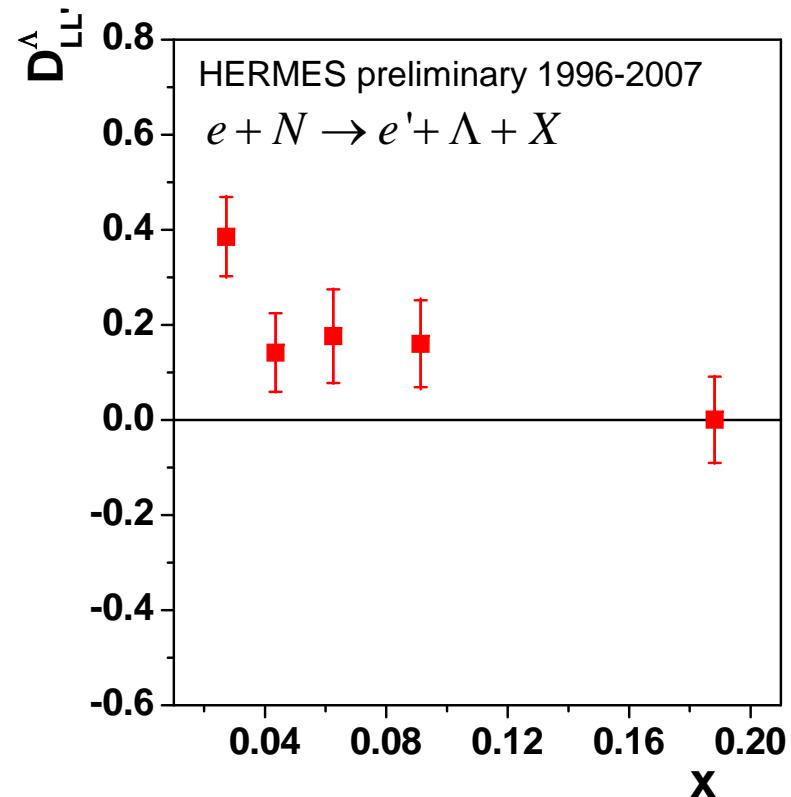
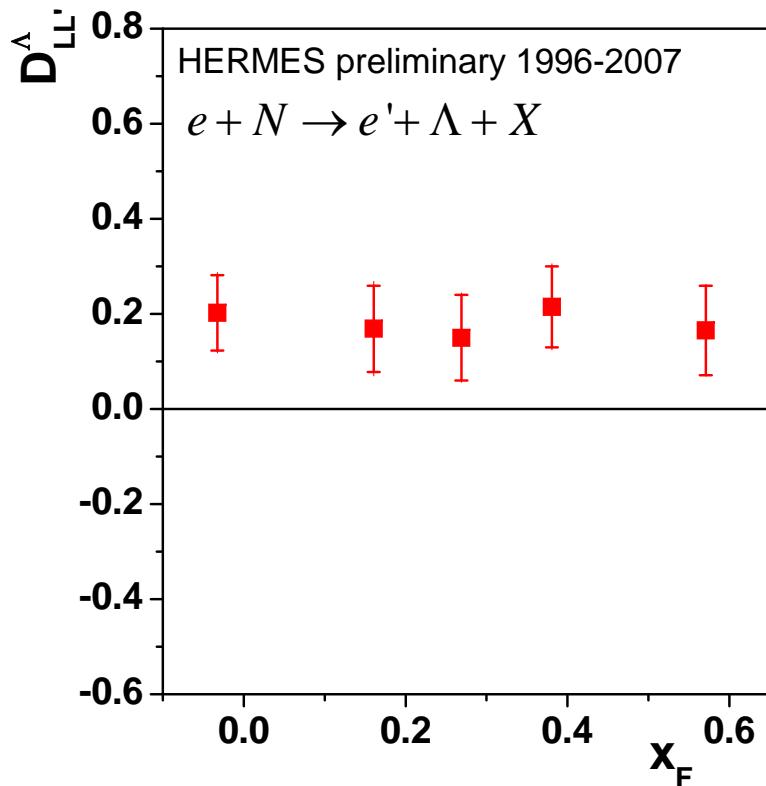
$$D_{Ly} = 0.037 \pm 0.037$$

**Due to parity conservation and time reversal  
invariance  $y$ - component must be zero**

Spin transfer is practically along  $\gamma^*$  !  $\rightarrow$  so  $L'$  chosen along  $\vec{p}_{\gamma^*}$



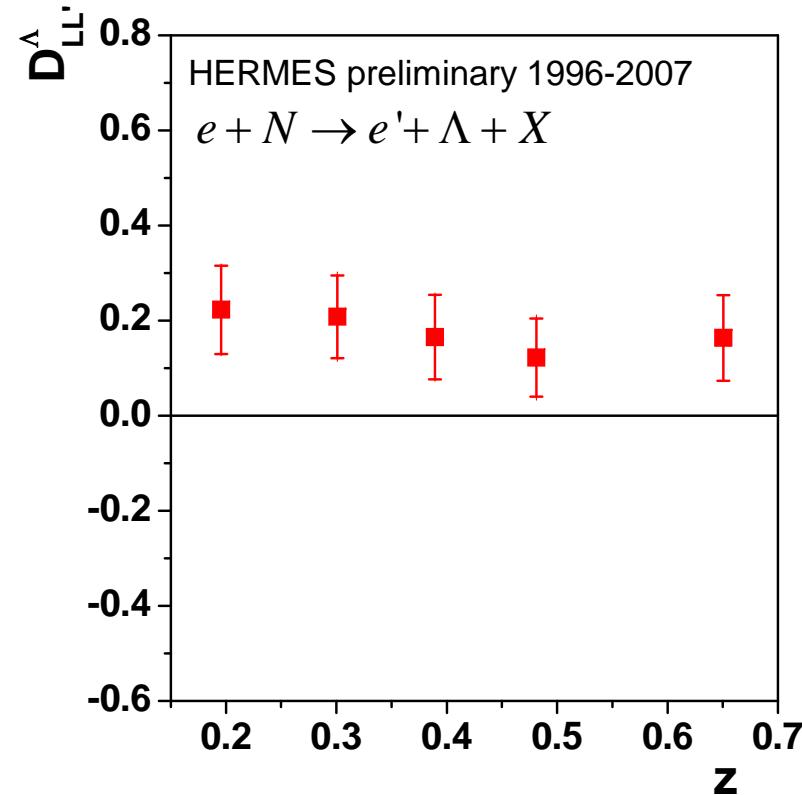
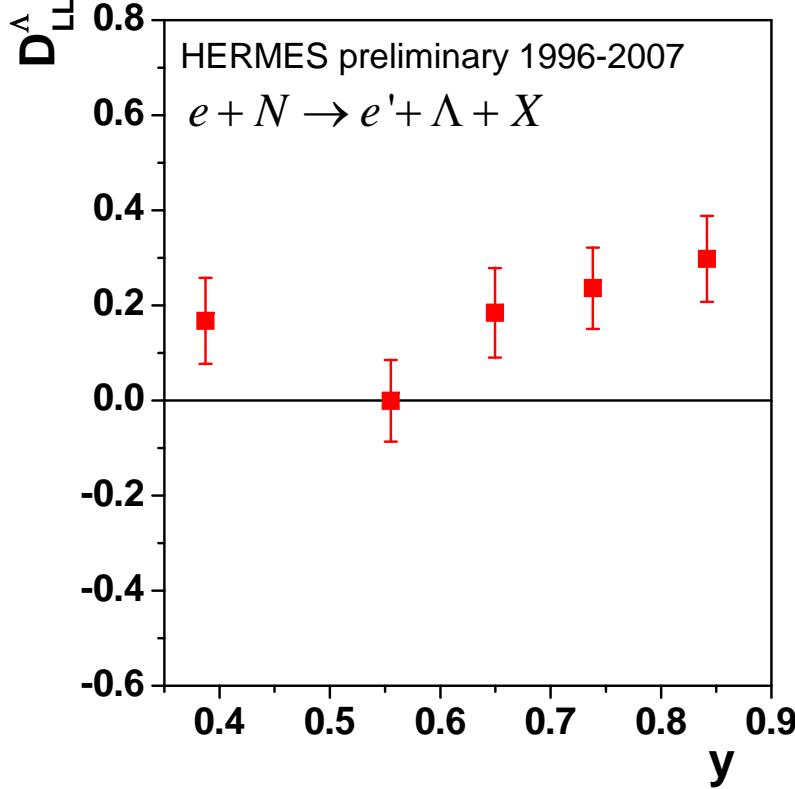
# Dependences on kinematic variables



- ✓  $D_{LL}^{\Lambda}$ , *increasing at small  $x$*
- ✓ *Flat  $x_F$  dependence*



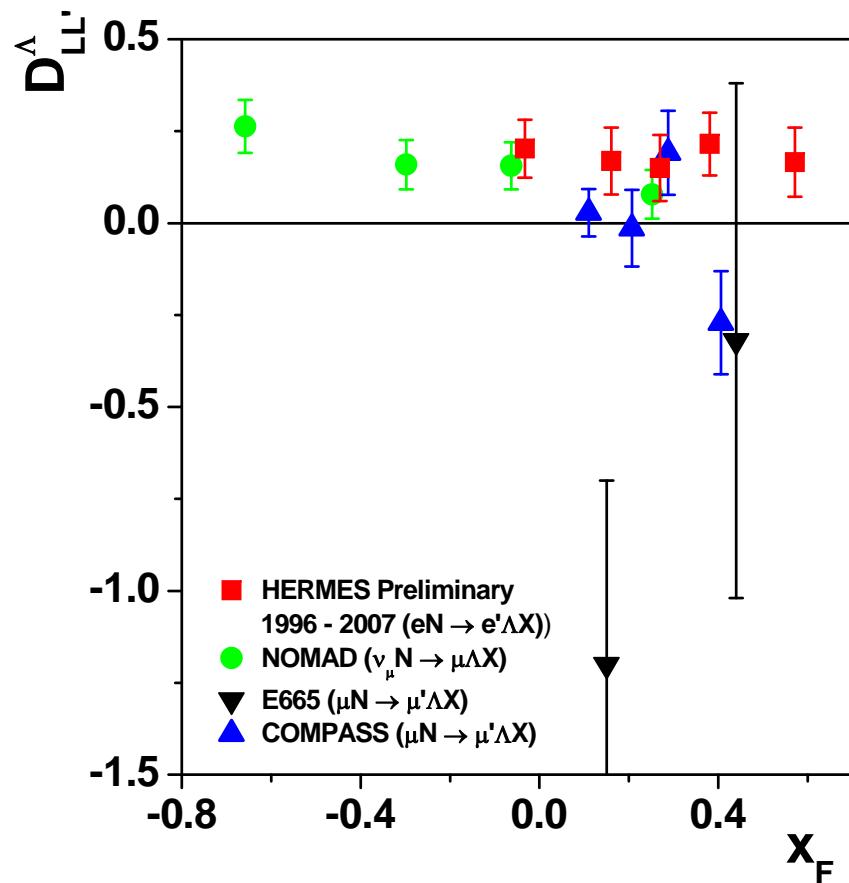
# Dependences on kinematic variables



- ✓  $z$  dependence are flat,  $z \cong x_F$  at  $z \rightarrow 1$
- ✓  $y$  dependence are not strong unless flat
- ✓  $D_{LL}'$  must not depend on  $y$  if single scattering model of DIS is valid



# World data



- HERMES – **found experimentally**  
*L'* along  $\gamma^*$  ( 3D analysis)
- *L'* assumed along  $\gamma^*$ 
  - NOMAD
  - COMPASS
- *L'* assumed along  $\Lambda$ 
  - E665



# Theoretical model

➤ Constituent quark model (CQM)

$$\Delta u = \Delta d = 0, \Delta s = 1$$

➤ Burkard/Jaffe

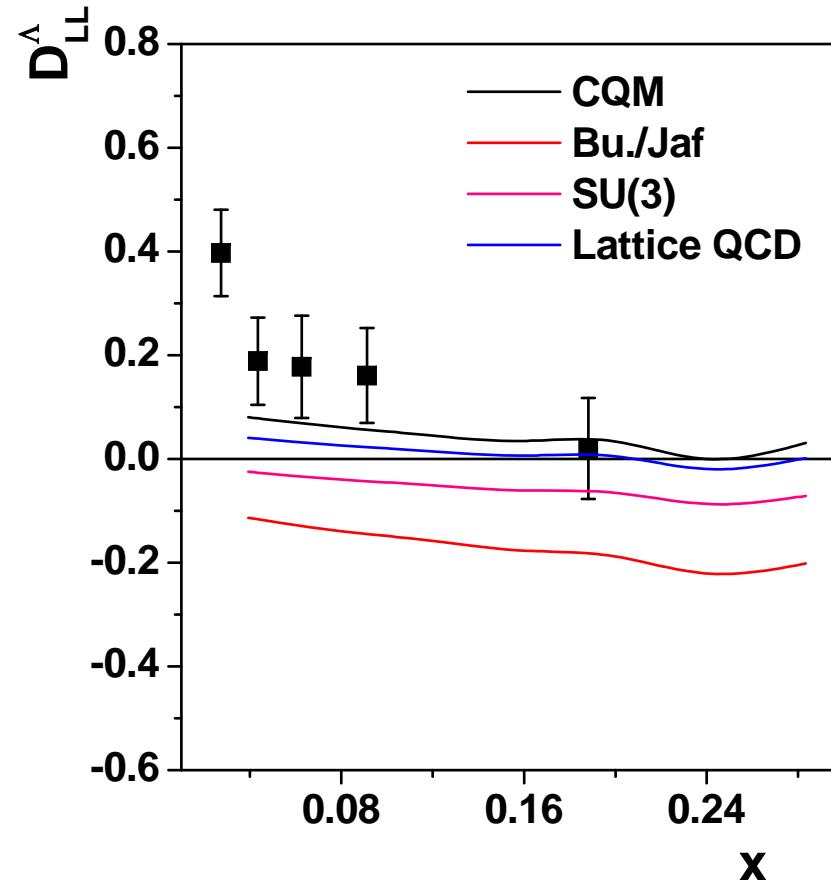
$$\Delta u = \Delta d = -0.23 \pm 0.06, \Delta s = 0.58 \pm 0.07$$

➤ SU(3) flavor symmetry

$$\Delta u = \Delta d = -0.09 \pm 0.06, \Delta s = 0.47 \pm 0.07$$

➤ Lattice QCD

$$\Delta u = \Delta d = -0.02 \pm 0.04, \Delta s = 0.68 \pm 0.04$$



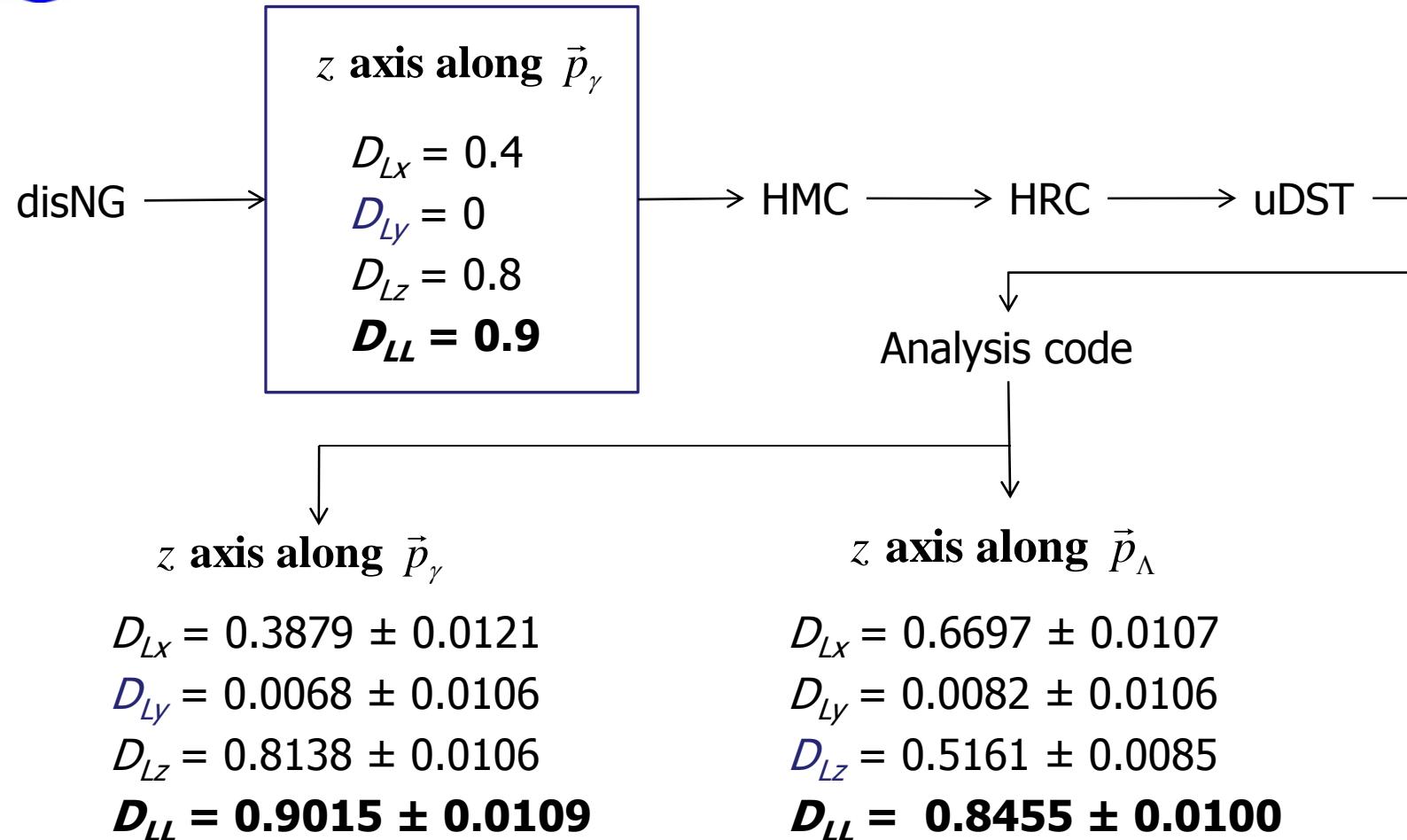
No  $\Lambda$  from hyperon resonances decay is taken in to account

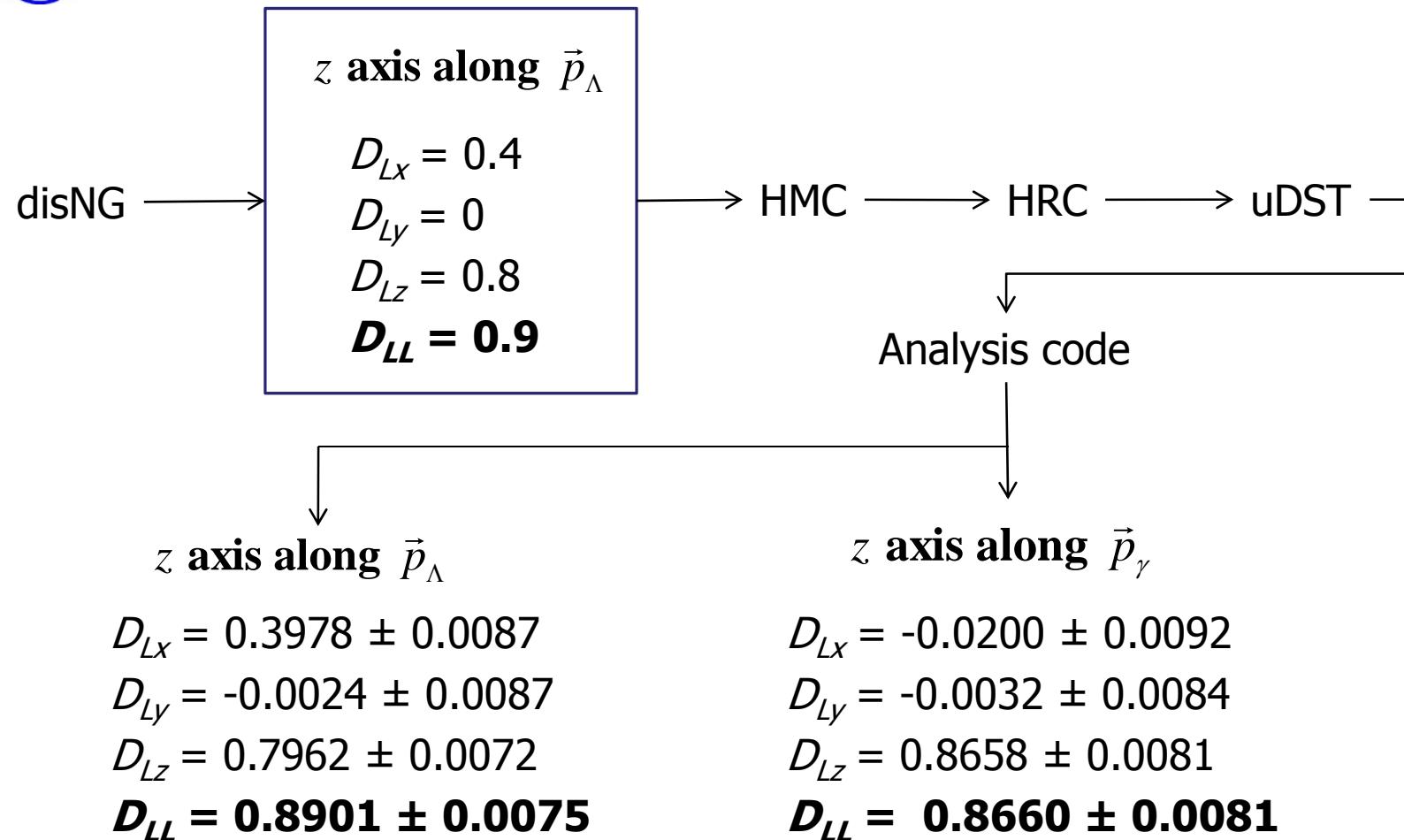


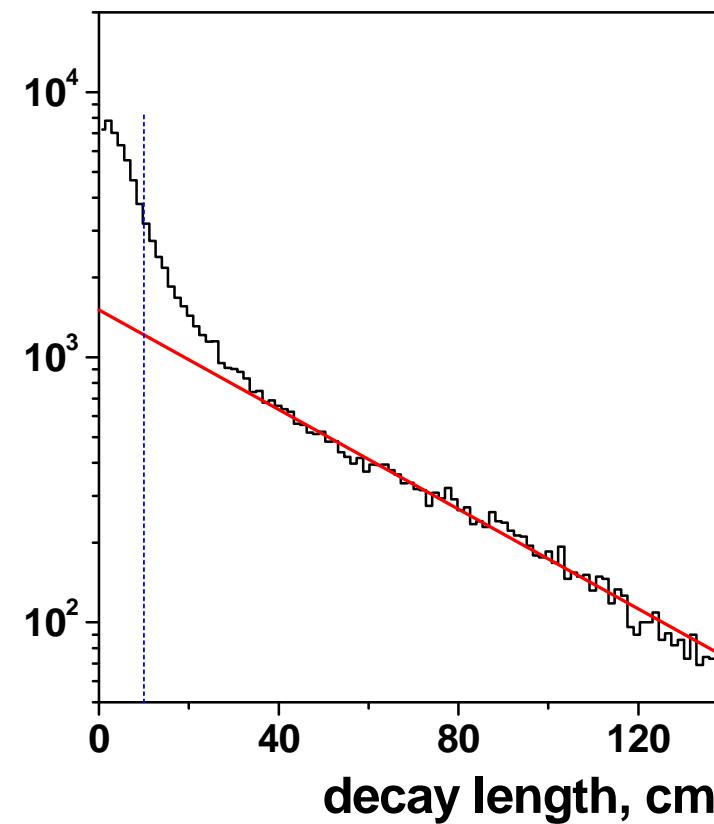
# Conclusion

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- All three components of spin transfer  $D_{LL'}^A$ , have been measured in DIS of charge leptons at HERMES for the first time
- It is shown that  $D_{LL'}^A$  is mostly directed along the momentum of virtual photon direction
- Longitudinal spin transfer from beam in DIS ( $Q^2 > 0.8 \text{ GeV}^2$ ) for  $\Lambda$   $D_{LL'}^A = 0.186 \pm 0.040_{stat} \pm 0.012_{syst}$  while theoretical models predict negative or small positive value
- Kinematical behavior of  $D_{LL'}^A$  shows the dependence on  $x$  while  $x_F$  and  $z$  dependencies looks practically flat
- $y$  dependence must be flat (otherwise single scattering model is not valid)



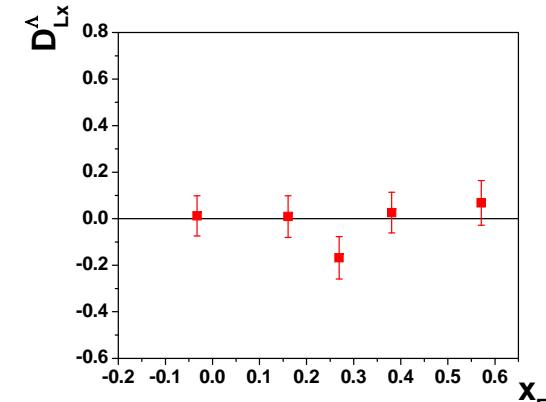
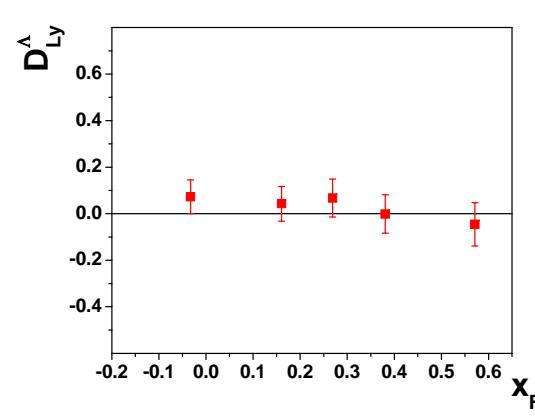
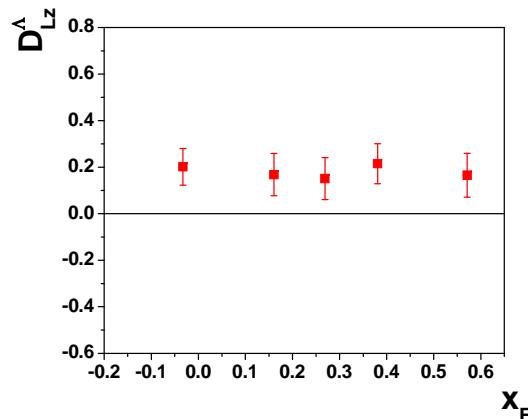




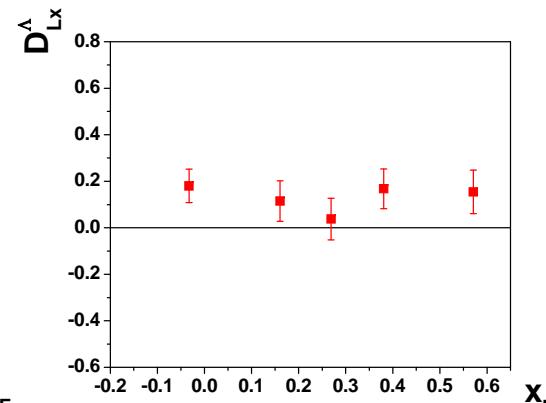
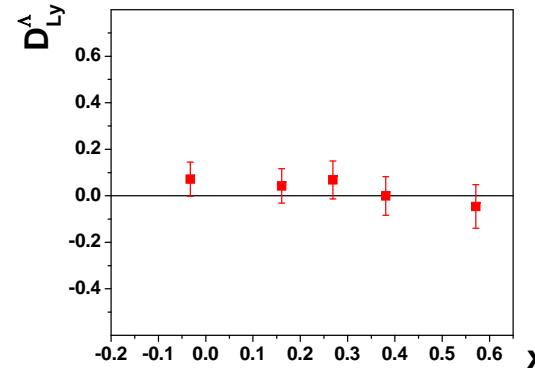
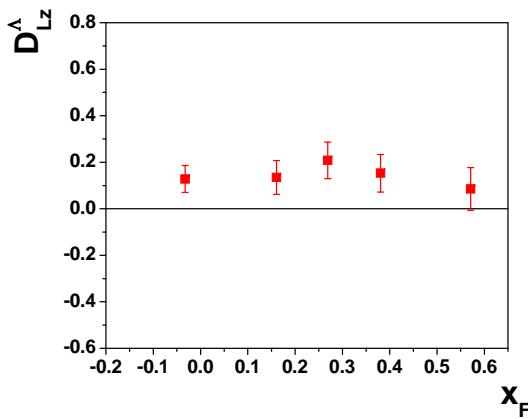


# Results in 3D case

z along  $\gamma^*$  momentum



z along  $\Lambda$  momentum trace



**Due to parity conservation  $\rightarrow y$  component  $D_{Ly} = 0$**   
partly check the formalism