

Pentaquark Θ^+ search at HERMES

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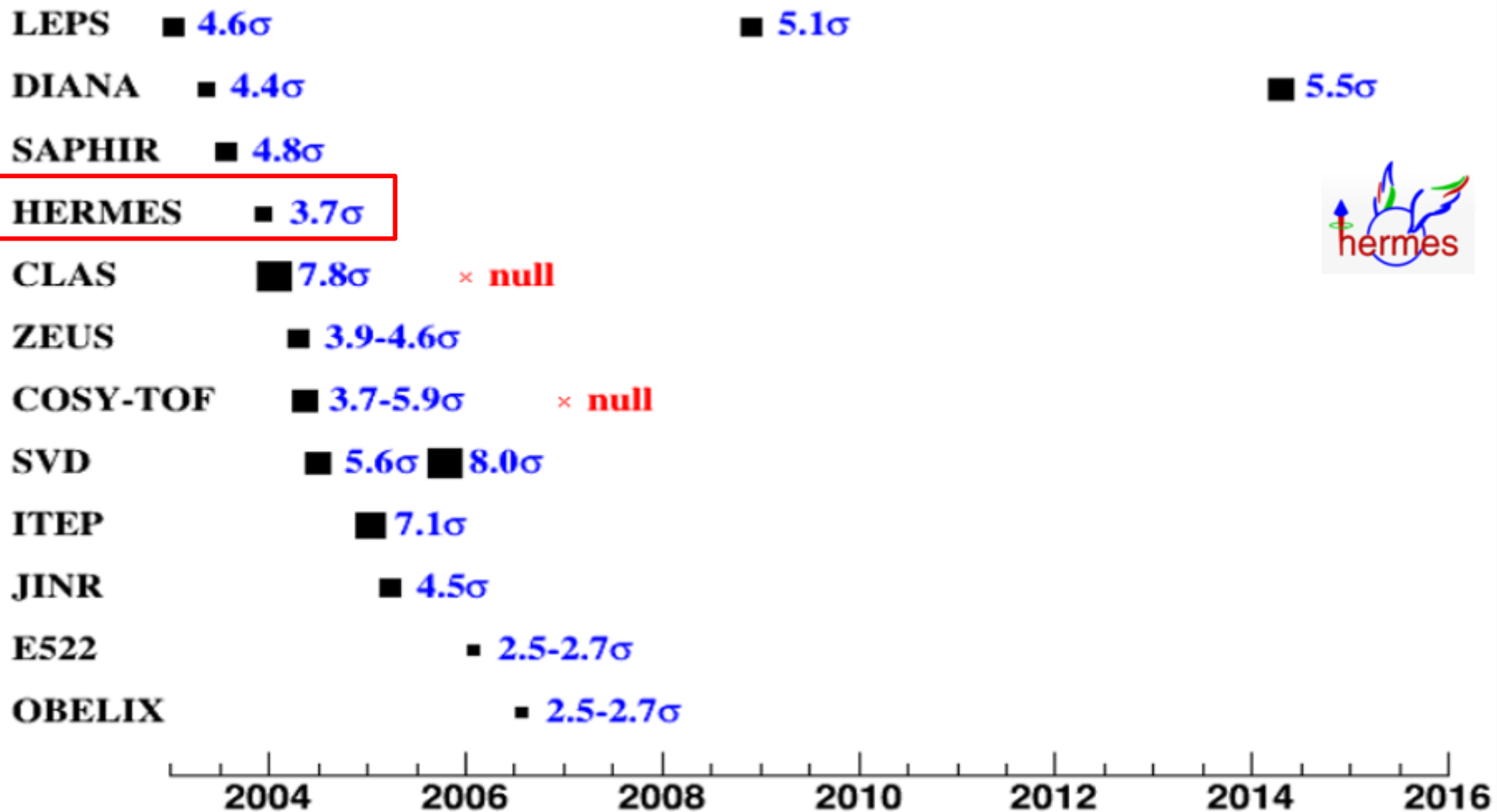
School of Physics, Peking University

on behalf of the HERMES Collaboration

NSTAR2015, May 25-28, 2015, Osaka, Japan

- Significances of Θ^+ (if seen)
- HERMES experiment
- Previous and present results from deuterium target
- Results from hydrogen target
- Summary

Significances of Θ^+ (Groups ever announced positive results)



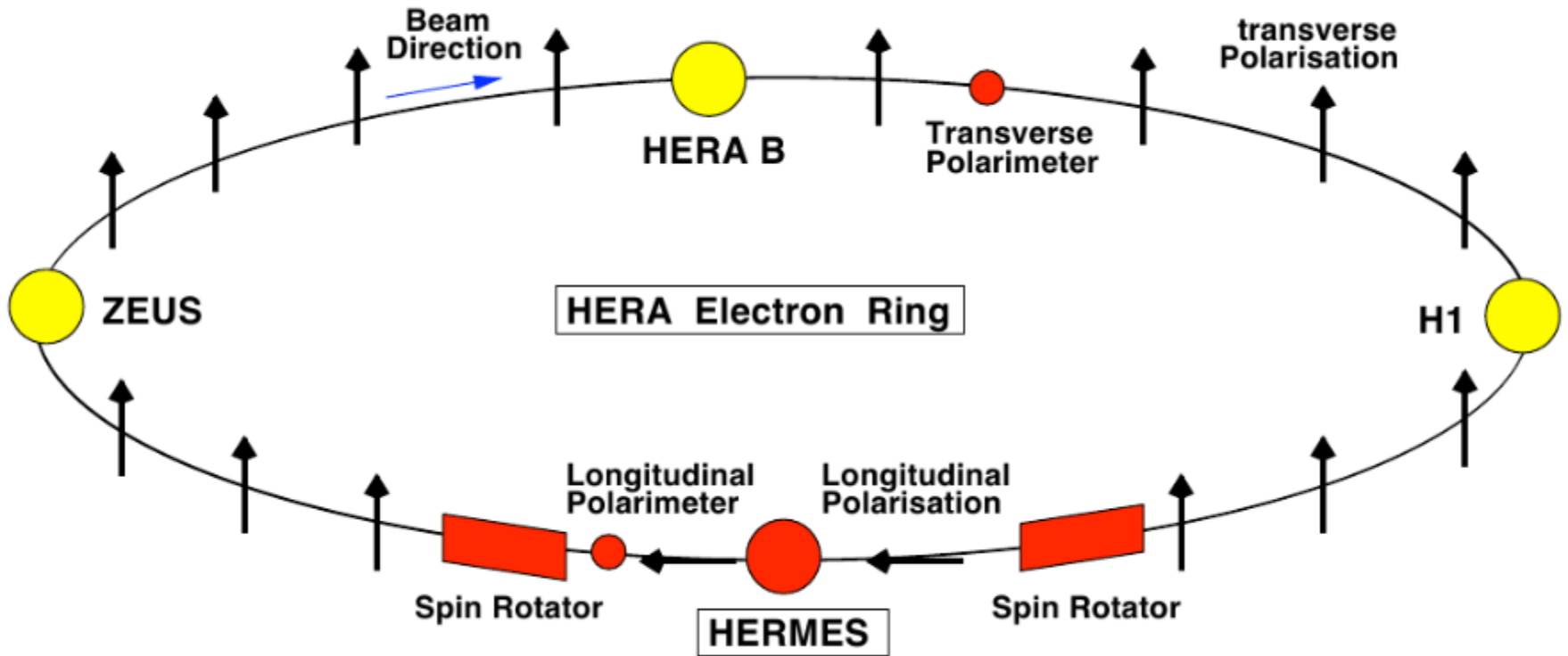
Groups with Negative Results (now)

| Group | Reaction | Mode | Upper limit | Confidence |
|-------------|---|--|---|-------------------------------|
| CLAS | $\gamma d \rightarrow pK^- K^+ n$ | $K^+ n$ | $\sigma < 0.3$ nb | 95% |
| | $\gamma d \rightarrow \Lambda K^+ n$ | $K^+ n$ | $\sigma < 5$ nb | 95% |
| | $\gamma p \rightarrow \bar{K}^0 K^+ n$ | $K^+ n$ | $\sigma < 0.8$ nb | 95% |
| COSY-TOF | $\gamma p \rightarrow \bar{K}^0 K^0 p$ | $K_S^0 p$ | $N(\Theta^+)/N(\Lambda(1520)) < 0.22\%$ | 95% |
| | $pp \rightarrow \Sigma^+ K^0 p$ | $K_S^0 p$ | $\sigma < 1.5$ nb | 95% |
| | FOCUS | $\gamma \text{BeO} \rightarrow pK_S^0 X$ | $K_S^0 p$ | $\sigma < 0.15$ μb |
| NOMAD | $\nu_\mu A \rightarrow K_S^0 p X$ | $K_S^0 p$ | $\sigma(\Theta^+) \mathcal{B}(pK_S^0) / \sigma(K(892)^+) < 0.13\%$ | 95% |
| BES | $\psi(2S), J/\psi$ decays | $K^+ n, K_S^0 p$ | $\sigma(\Theta^+) \mathcal{B}(pK_S^0) / \sigma(\Sigma(1385)^\pm) < 2.3\%$ | 95% |
| BaBar | $e^+ e^- \rightarrow \Upsilon(4S) \rightarrow pK_S^0 X$ | $K_S^0 p$ | $N(\Theta^+)/N_{\text{events}} < 2.13 \times 10^{-3}$ | 90% |
| Belle | $e^+ e^- \rightarrow q\bar{q} \rightarrow pK_S^0 X$ | $K_S^0 p$ | see Eq. (2) | 90% |
| | $B^0 \rightarrow p\bar{p}K_S^0$ | $K_S^0 p$ | $N(\Theta^+)/N_{\text{events}} < 1.8 \times 10^{-4}$ | 95% |
| | $B^0 \rightarrow p\bar{p}K_S^0$ | $K_S^0 p$ | $N(\Theta^+)/N_{\text{events}} < 5.0 \times 10^{-5}$ | 95% |
| | $KN \rightarrow pK_S^0 X$ | $K_S^0 p$ | $\mathcal{B}(\Theta^+) \cdot \mathcal{B}(pK_S^0) < 0.5 \times 10^{-7}$ | 95% |
| ALEPH | $Z \rightarrow pK_S^0 X$ | $K_S^0 p$ | $\mathcal{B}(\Theta^+) \cdot \mathcal{B}(pK_S^0) < 2.3 \times 10^{-7}$ | 90% |
| DELPHI | $Z \rightarrow pK_S^0 X$ | $K_S^0 p$ | $N(\Theta^+)/N(\Lambda(1520)) < 2.5\%$ | 90% |
| L3 | $\gamma\gamma \rightarrow p(\bar{p})K_S^0 X$ | $K_S^0 p$ | $\Gamma < 0.64$ MeV | 90% |
| H1 | $ep \rightarrow ep(\bar{p})K_S^0$ | $K_S^0 p$ | $N(\Theta^+)/N_{\text{events}} < 2.5 \times 10^{-3}$ | 95% |
| COSY-Jülich | $pp \rightarrow pK^0 \pi^+ \Lambda$ | $K^0 p$ | $N(\Theta^+)/N_{\text{events}} < 2.0 \times 10^{-3}$ | 95% |
| NA49 | $pp \rightarrow pK_S^0 X$ | $K_S^0 p$ | $N(\Theta^+)/N_{\text{events}} < 4.7 \times 10^{-3}$ | 95% |
| CDF | $p\bar{p} \rightarrow pK_S^0 X$ | $K_S^0 p$ | $\sigma < 120 - 360$ pb | 95% |
| HERA-B | $pC \rightarrow pK_S^0 X$ | $K_S^0 p$ | $\sigma < 58$ nb | 95% |
| SPHINX | $pN \rightarrow nK^+ K_S^0 N$ | $K^+ n$ | not observed | - |
| PHENIX | $pN \rightarrow pK_S^0 K_L^0 N$ | $K_S^0 p$ | $N(\Theta^+) < 89, 76$ | 90% |
| | $pN \rightarrow pK_L^0 K_L^0 N$ | $K_L^0 p$ | $N(\Theta^+)/N(\Lambda(1520)) < 2.7\%$ | 95% |
| | $pN \rightarrow pK_S^0 K_S^0 N$ | $K_S^0 p$ | $\sigma < 26$ nb | 90% |
| | $pN \rightarrow pK_S^0 K_S^0 N$ | $K_S^0 p$ | $\sigma < 42$ nb | 90% |
| PHENIX | $d\text{Au} \rightarrow K^- \bar{n} X$ | $K^- \bar{n}$ | $\sigma < 39$ nb | 90% |
| HyperCP | $p(\pi^+, K^+) \text{Cu} \rightarrow p(\bar{p})K_S^0 X$ | $K_S^0 p$ | $\sigma < 52$ nb | 90% |
| LASS | $K^+ p \rightarrow K^+ n \pi^+$ | $K^+ n$ | not observed | - |
| WA89 | $\Sigma^- C(\text{Cu}) \rightarrow pK_S^0$ | $K_S^0 p$ | $N(\Theta^+)/N_{\text{events}} < 0.3\%$ | 90% |
| E559 | $K^+ p \rightarrow \pi^+ X$ | - | no narrow resonance | - |
| J-PARC | $\pi^- p \rightarrow K^- X$ | - | $\sigma < 7.2$ μb | 99% |
| | | | $d\sigma/d\Omega < 3.5$ $\mu\text{b/sr}$ | 90% |
| | | | $d\sigma/d\Omega < 0.26$ $\mu\text{b/sr}$ | 90% |

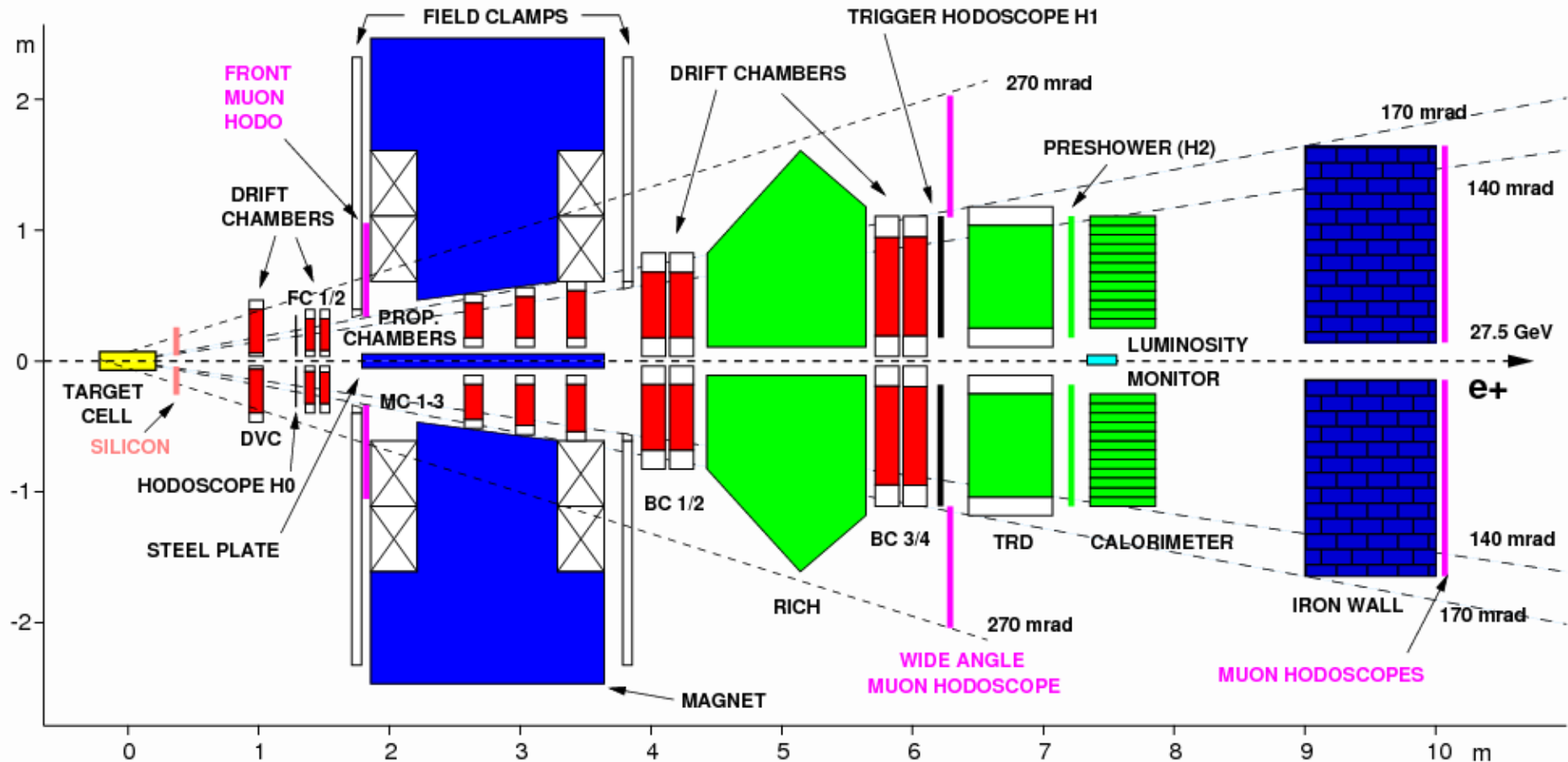
Reviewed by Tianbo Liu, Yajun Mao, and Bo-Qiang Ma, *Int. J. Mod. Phys. A* **29**, 1430020 (2014)

Hadron-Elektron-Ringanlage @ Deutsches Elektronen-Synchrotron





The HERMES Spectrometer



➤ Resolution: $\delta p/p < 2\%$, $\delta\theta < 0.6$ mrad

➤ **Internal Gas Target:** \vec{He} , \vec{D} , \vec{H} , H^\uparrow unpol: H_2 , D_2 , He, N_2 , Ne, Kr, Xe

➤ **Particle Identification:** TRD, Preshower, Calorimeter,

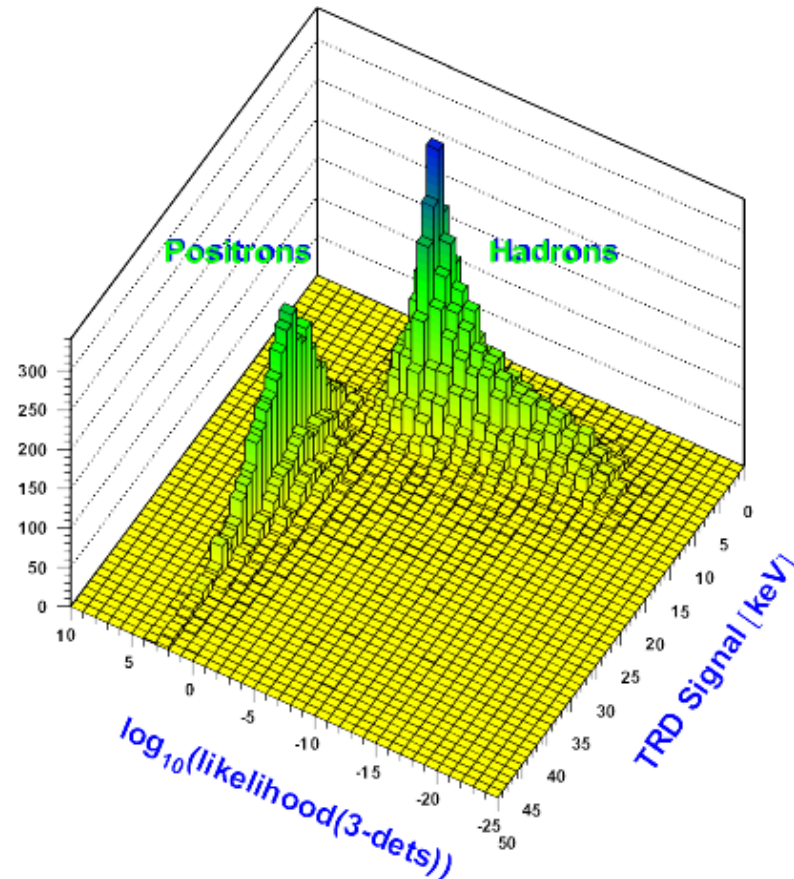
→1997:Cherenkov; 1998→:RICH + Muon ID

Particle Identification

Hadron/Positron separation:

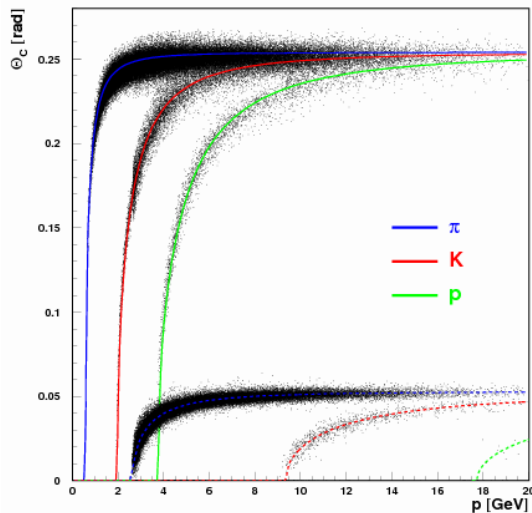
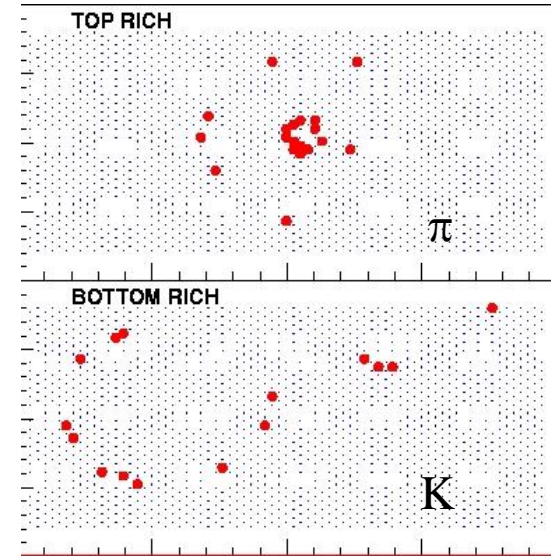
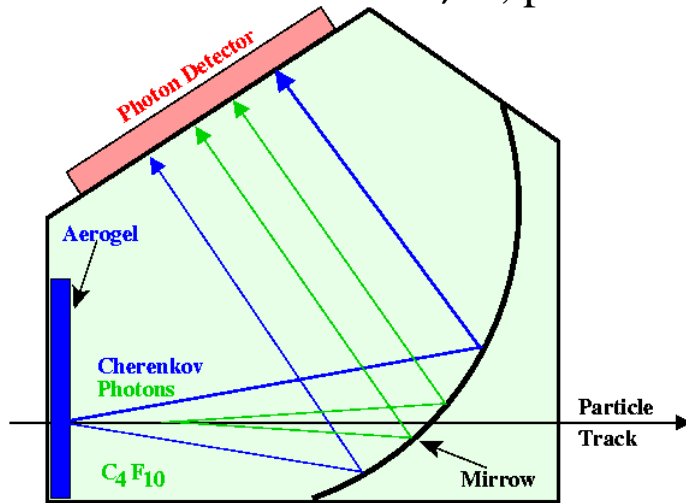
Combining signals from:

TRD(Transition Radiation Detector),
Calorimeter, Preshower, RICH



Particle Identification

Dual radiator RICH for π , K, p

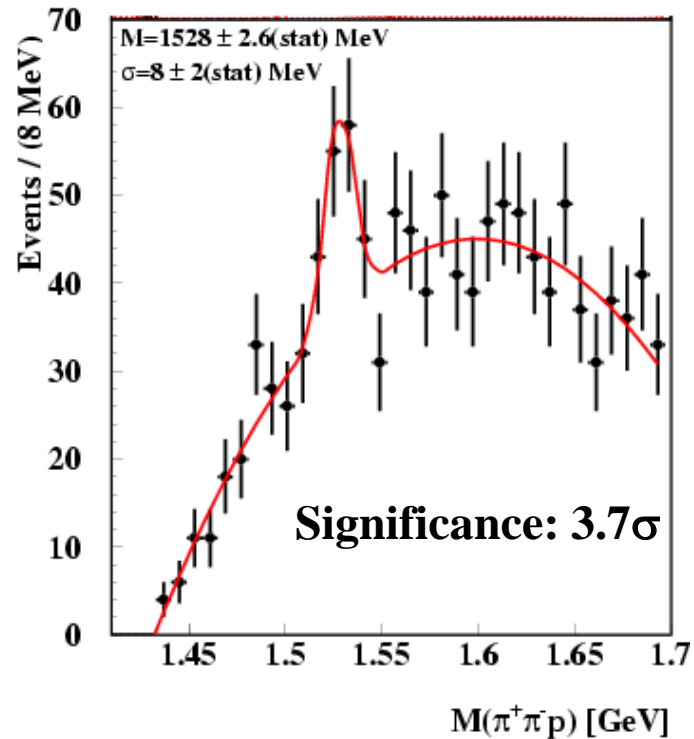
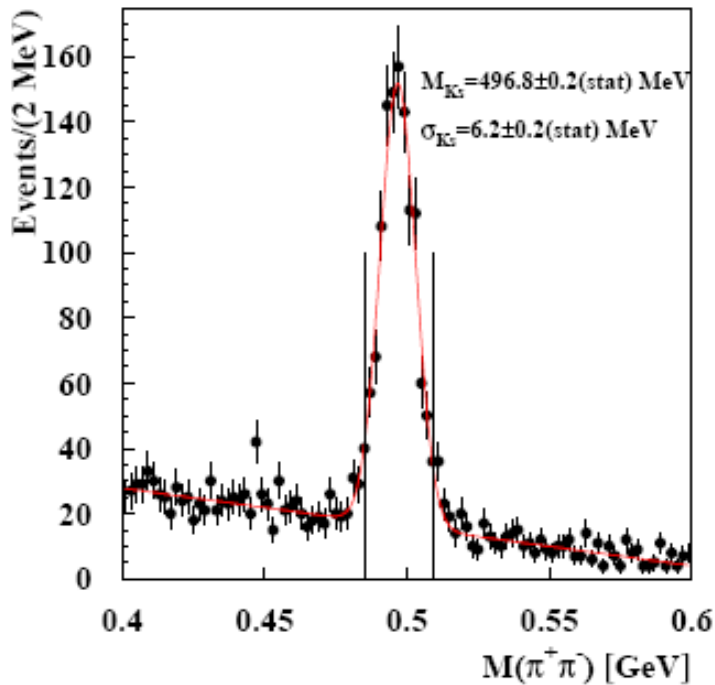


Improvements in PID reconstruction:

Old (track level): Track-by-track reconstructed, separately

New(event level): Response pattern of all the tracks present in an event are reconstructed simultaneously, since with multiple tracks Cherenkov rings can overlap and lead to misidentification.

Particle Identification: $\cos\Theta = \frac{1}{n}$

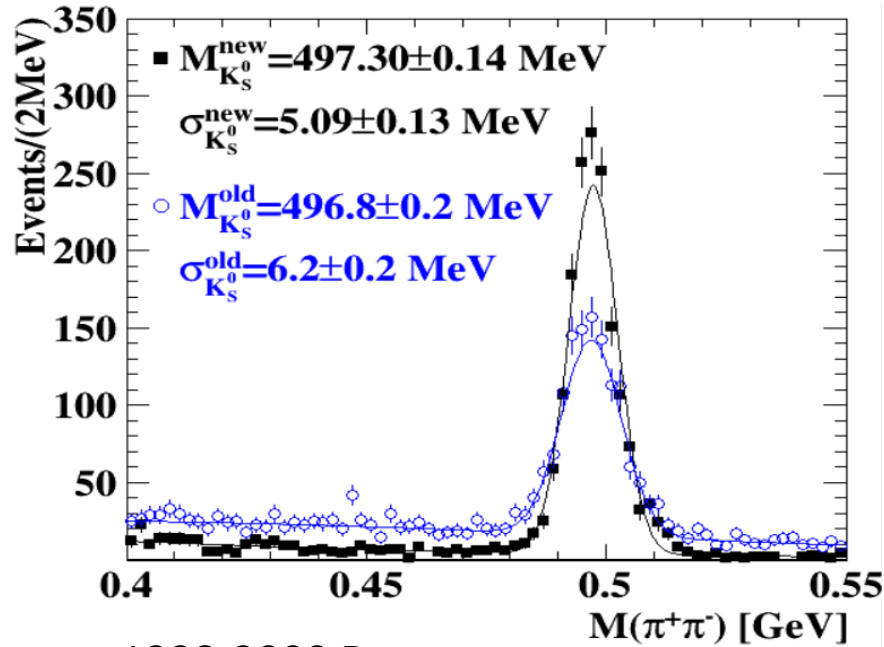


1998-2000 D-target published in *Physics Letters B* 585 (2004) 213

How about the spectra with new (improved) data?

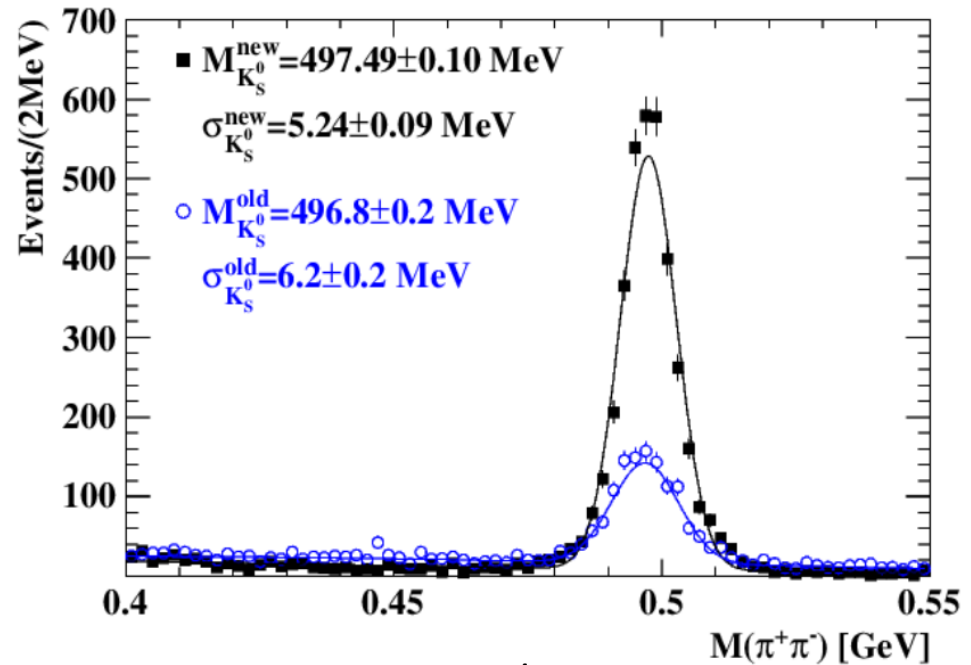
Improved K_S^0

PDG: $M(K_S) = 497.614 \pm 0.024 \text{ MeV}$



1998-2000 D-target

With **old** and New analysis

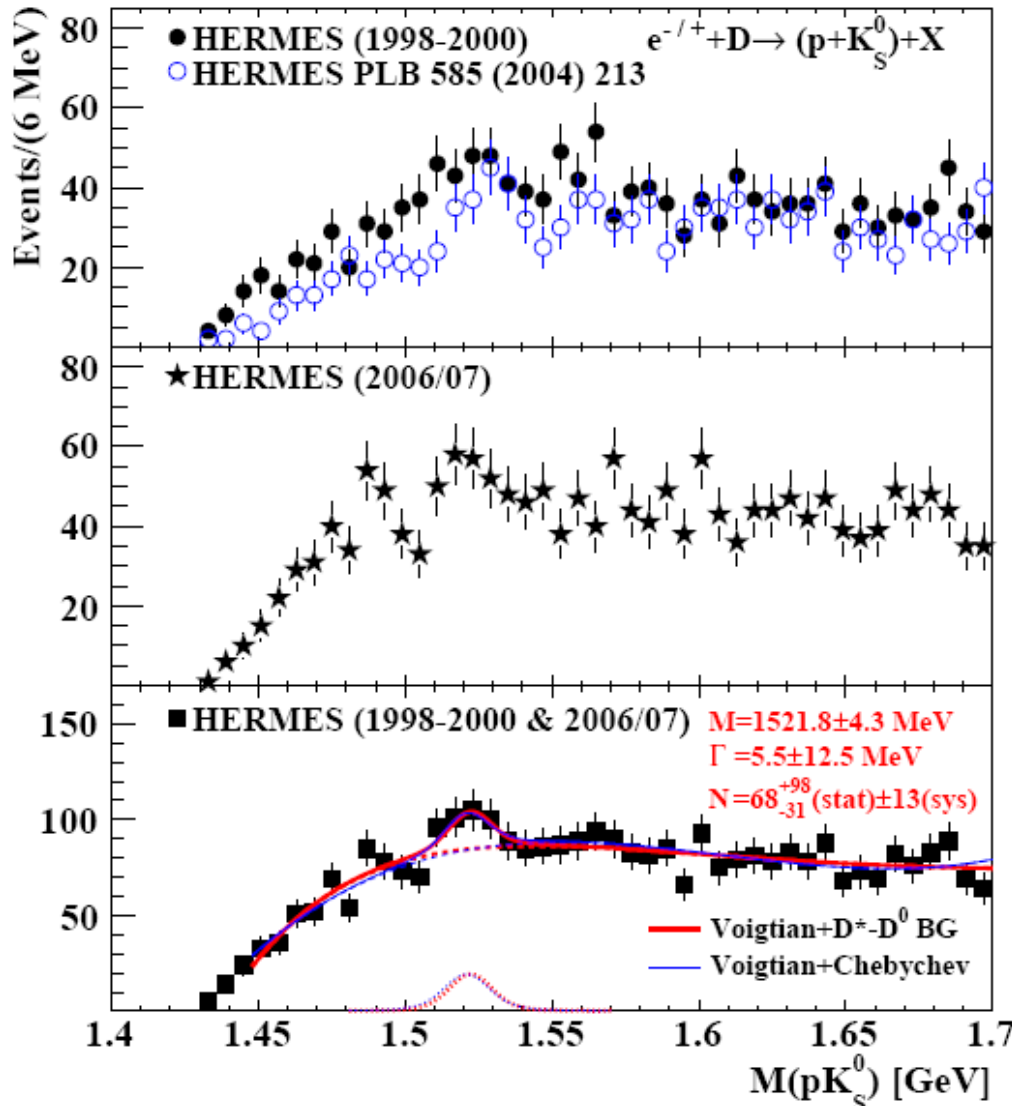


New: 1998-2000 + 06/07 D-target

Old: 1998-2000 D-target

| Analysis Periods | Number Ks S ($\pm 2\sigma$) | Number Background B ($\pm 2\sigma$) | Purity S/(S+B) |
|----------------------------|-------------------------------------|--|-------------------|
| New Analysis(98-00+06/07) | 3311 \pm 60 | 87 \pm 11 | 97.4 \pm 0.4% |
| Old Analysis(98-00) | 963 \pm 38 | 180 \pm 15 | 84.3 \pm 1.3% |

$M(pK_S^0)$ from D-target Data



Systematic uncertainty from:

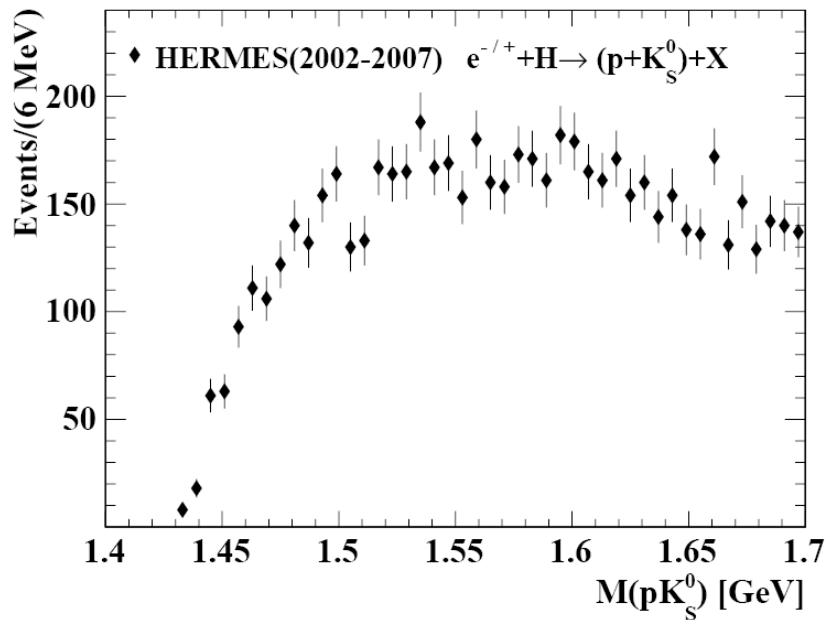
- ① Different background shapes
- ② Fit ranges
- ③ Bias from the shape studied with Toy-MC to create and fit with Background+Peak functions

Significance: $\sim 2\sigma$

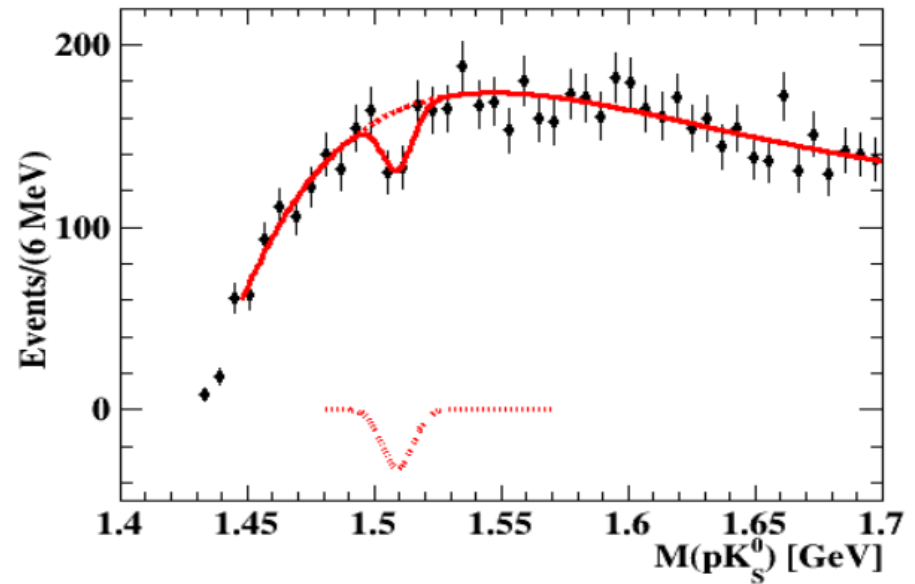
- ① $\Delta \log$ -likelihood method gives 1.9σ (average value of different fit ranges)
- ② Toy-MC to create smooth shape and fit with Background+Peak, gives 2.2σ

Note:

“D*-D⁰ BG” is a function name of RooFit



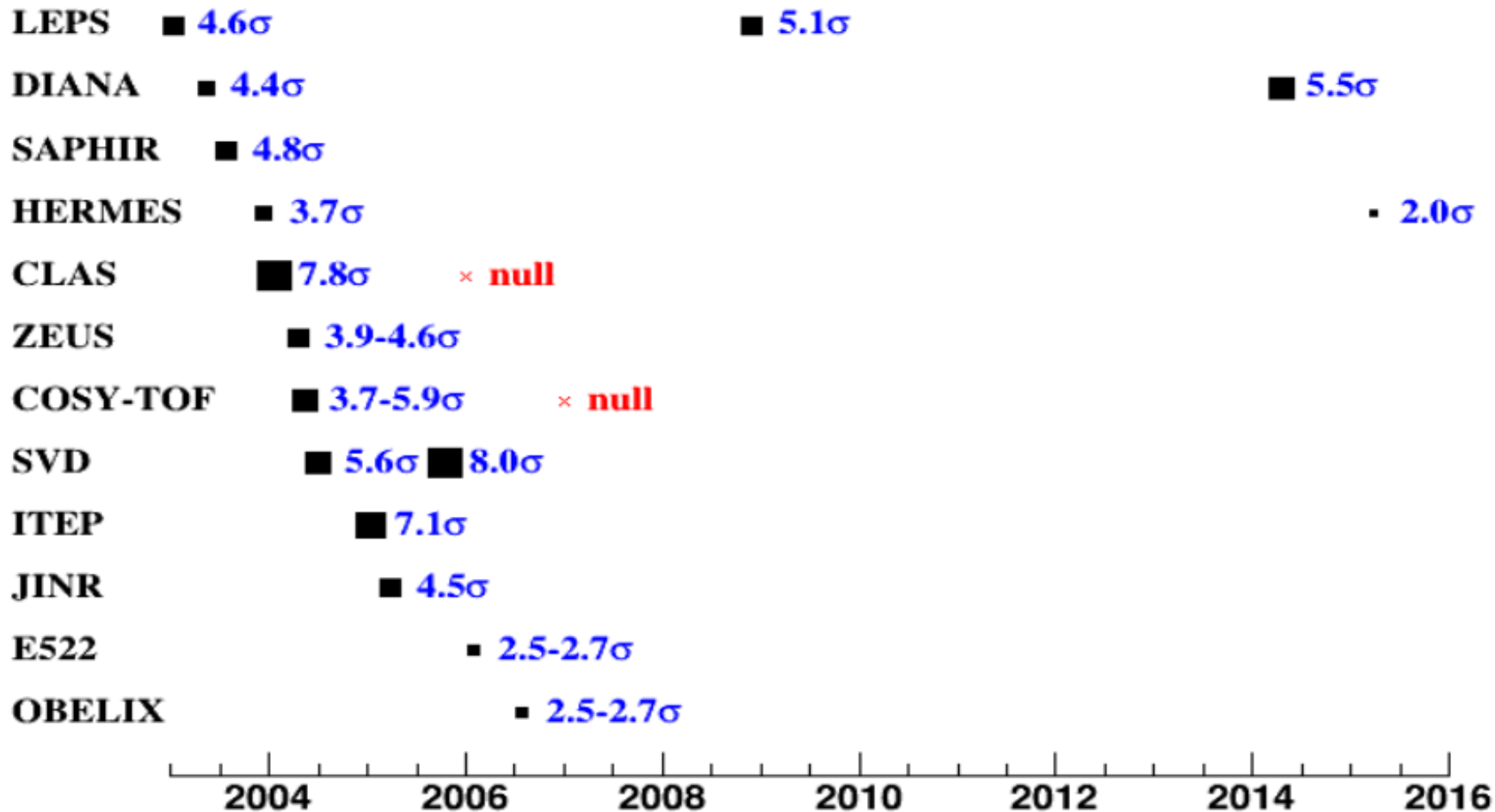
no structure found
in hydrogen data



an attempt to fit gives
"negative peak"



Significances of Θ^+ (Groups ever announced positive results)



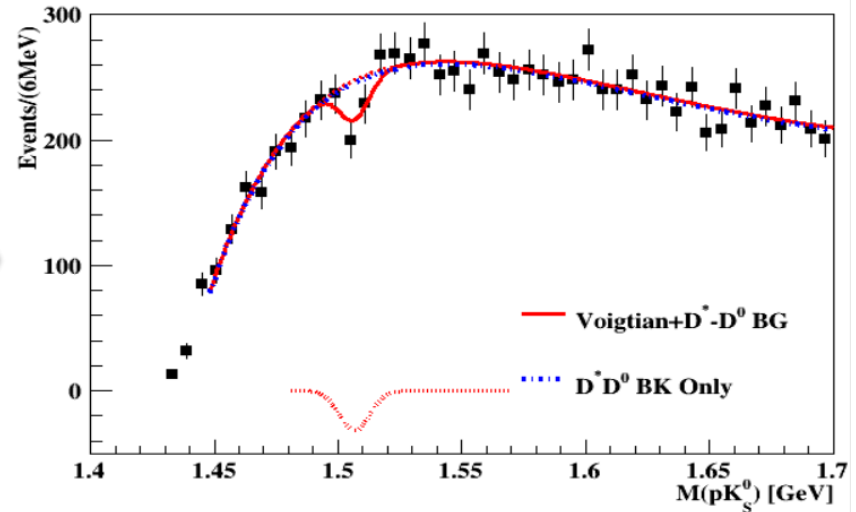
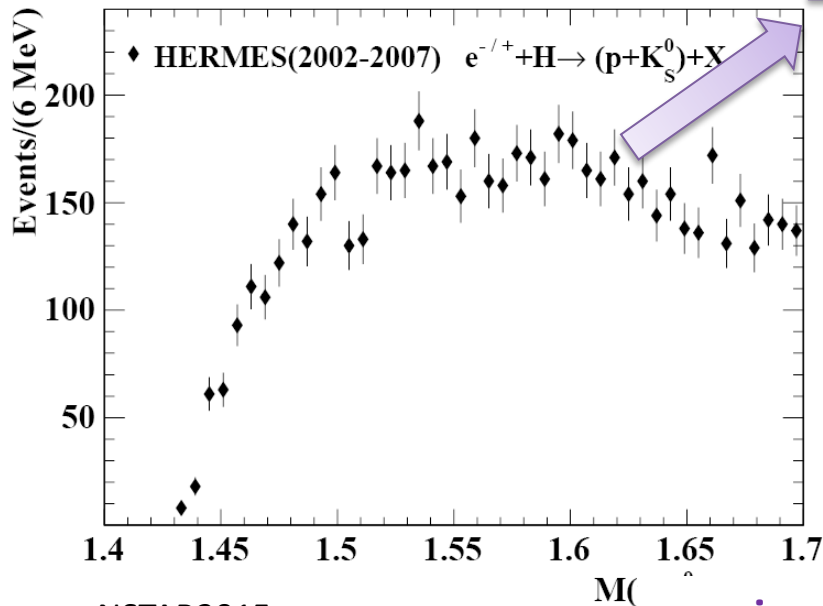
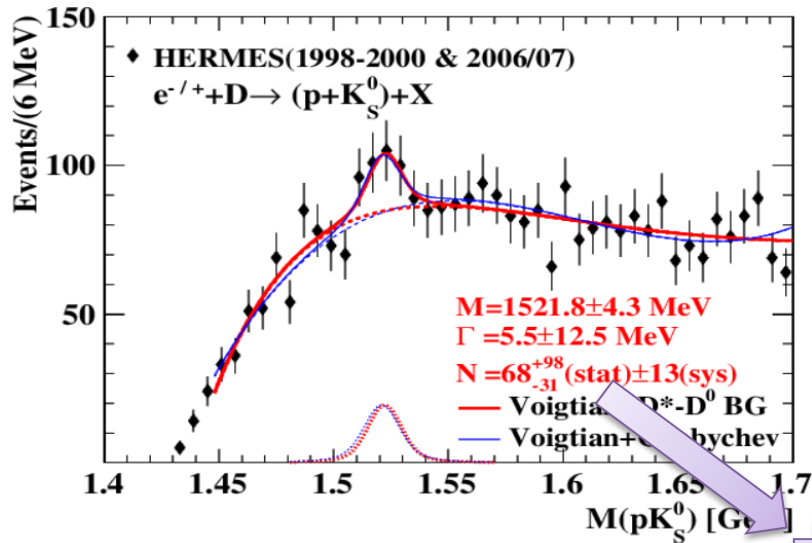
Summary

- With the improved HERMES original data set taken in 1998-2000 and also the additional 2006-2007 data on deuterium target, the K_S^0 is obtained with significantly less background and better mass resolution.
- The potential resonance structure in the $M(pK_S^0)$ spectrum near the $1521.8 \pm 4.3 \text{ MeV}$ has a significance $\sim 2\sigma$ while it was 3.7σ at $1528.0 \pm 2.6 \text{ MeV}$ in the old analysis.
- Drop in significance in spite of twice the number of events for the data from a deuterium target does not support the presence of a positive Θ^+ signal at HERMES.
- For the hydrogen data, there is no indication of the existence of an enhancement in the region of interest.

Thanks! 谢谢!
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Backup

$M(pK_S^0)$ from D- & H-target Data



to fit the D-target and H-target combined data gives a "negative peak" again

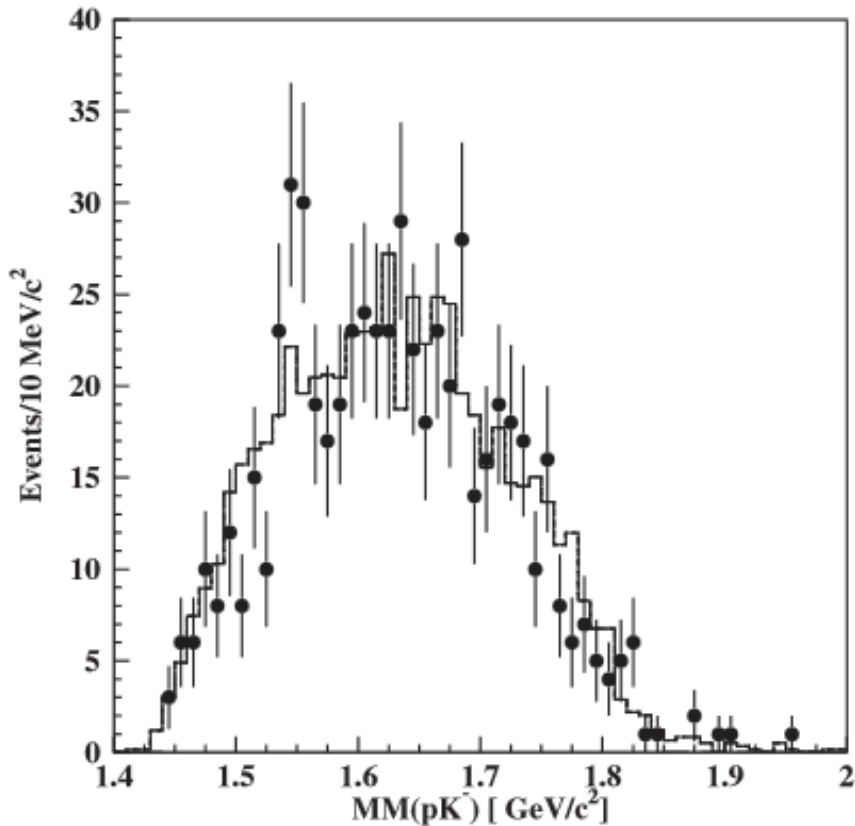


FIG. 5. Comparison of the previously published [8] result (points) with the current result (histogram) normalized (by a factor of $1/5.92$) to get the same total number of counts.

[CLAS, PRL 96, 212001 \(2006\)](#)

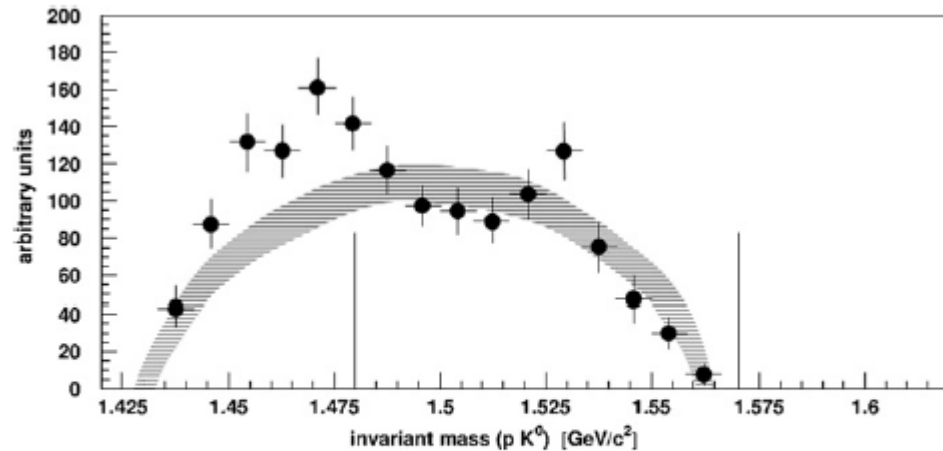


Fig. 5. Invariant mass of the pK^0 spectrum of the previous measurement together with a band representing the shape of the new measurement. The height of the band is adjusted in the mass range indicated by the two vertical lines.

COSY-TOF, Physics Letters B 649(2007)
252-257

LEPS (2009)

Evidence for the Θ^+ in the $\gamma d \rightarrow K^+K^-pn$ reaction by detecting K^+K^- pairs

T. NAKANO *et al.*

PHYSICAL REVIEW C 79, 025210 (2009)

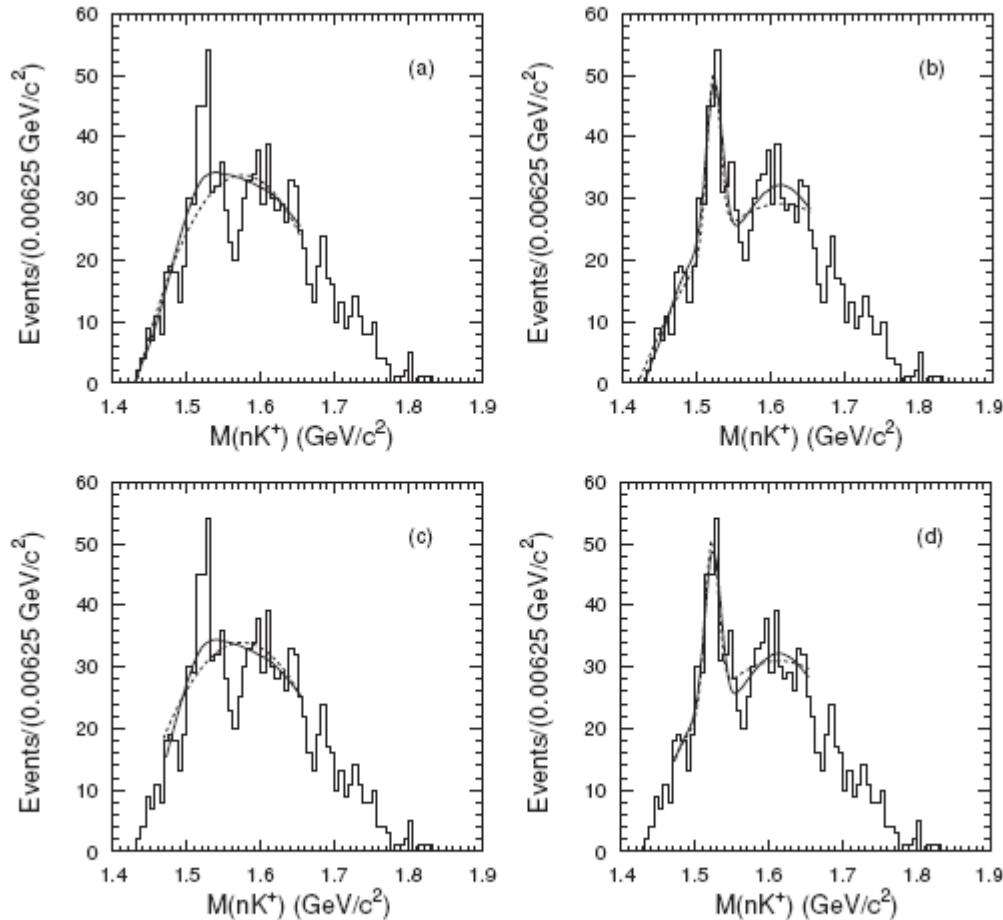


FIG. 14. Comparison of the fits with the RMM distributions (solid line) and a second-order polynomial functions (dashed line): (a) in the region of $1.43 \text{ GeV}/c^2 < M(nK^+) < 1.65 \text{ GeV}/c^2$ without the Θ^+ contribution; (b) with the Θ^+ contribution; (c) in the region of $1.47 \text{ GeV}/c^2 < M(nK^+) < 1.65 \text{ GeV}/c^2$ without the Θ^+ contribution; (d) with the Θ^+ contribution.

Observation of a narrow baryon resonance with positive strangeness formed in K^+Xe collisions

[arXiv:1307.1653v3 \[nucl-ex\] 18 Apr 2014](https://arxiv.org/abs/1307.1653v3)

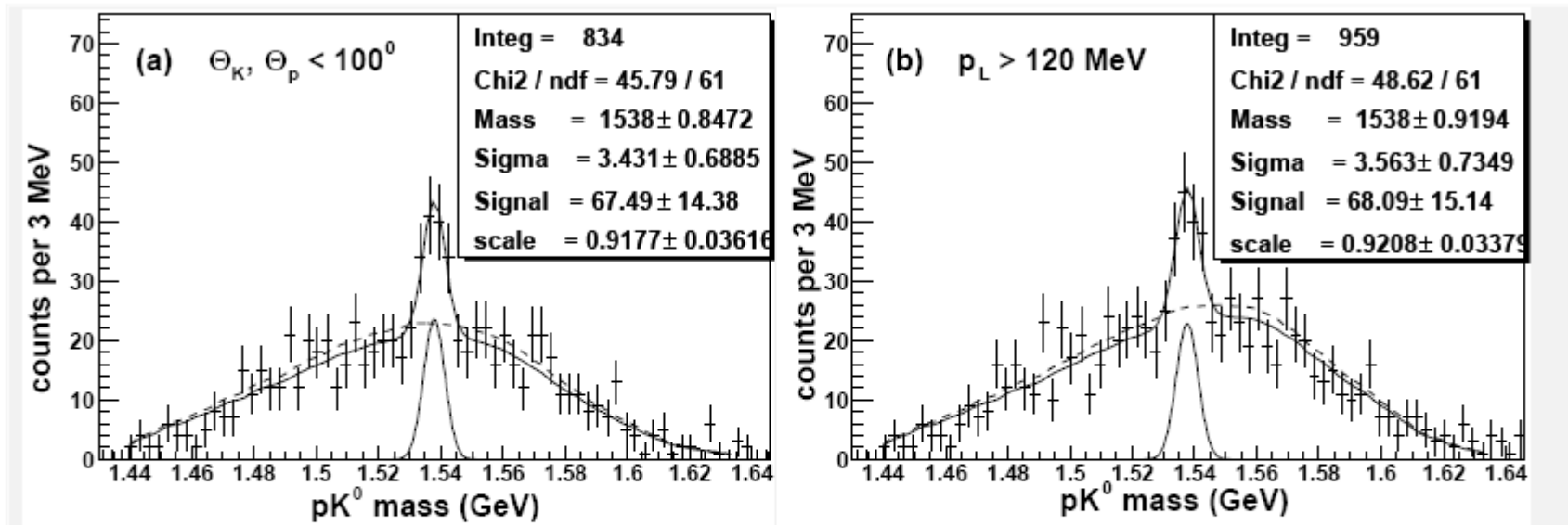


Figure 7: Shown in (a) and (b) are the pK^0 effective-mass spectra under the selections $\Theta_K, \Theta_p < 100^\circ$ and $p_L > 120 \text{ MeV}$ plus the common selections $p_T < 300 \text{ MeV}$ and $445 < p(K^+) < 535 \text{ MeV}$. The signal and null fits are shown by the solid and dashed lines, respectively.